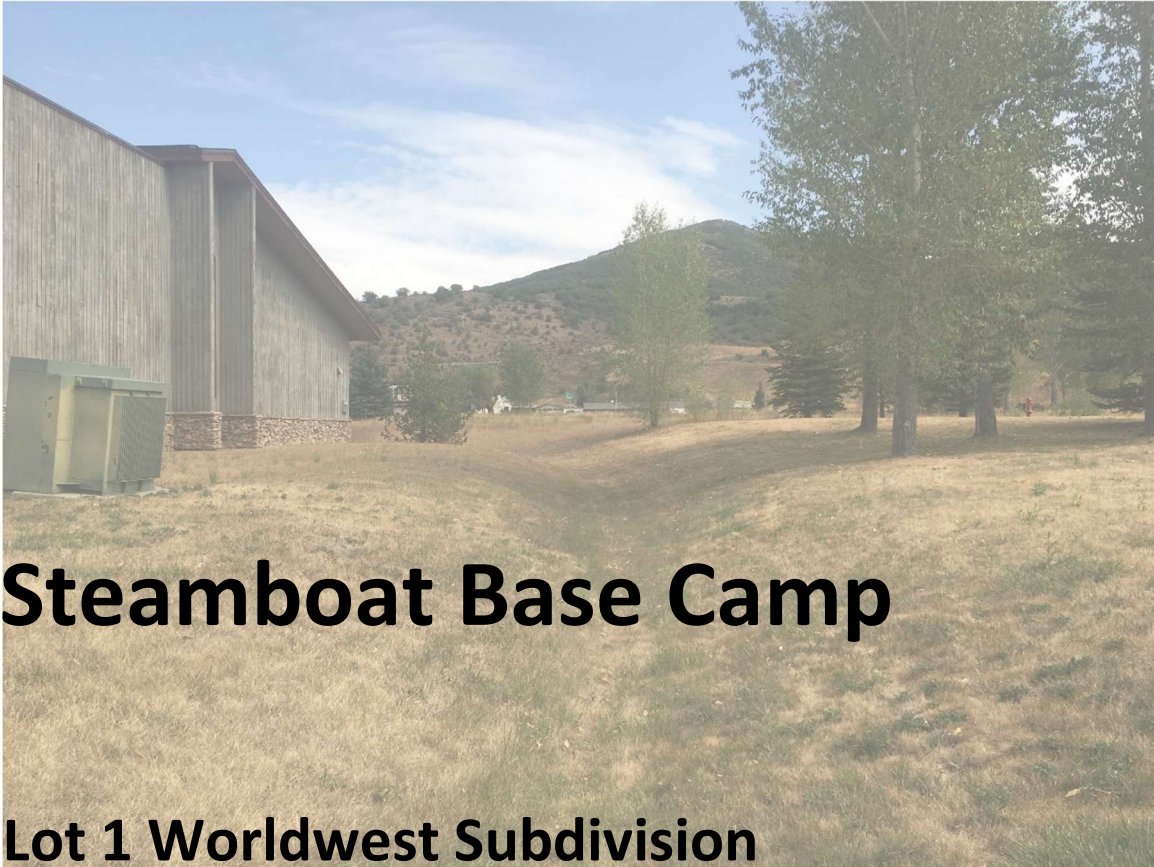




Final Drainage Study and Stormwater Quality Plan



Steamboat Base Camp

Lot 1 Worldwest Subdivision

Original Date: April 26, 2021

Revised: June 18, 2021

Revised: July 26, 2021

Prepared by: Deborah Spaustat, P.E.

Over

NOTE

City of Steamboat Springs plan review and approval is only for general conformance with City design criteria and the City code. The City is not responsible for the accuracy and adequacy of the design, dimensions, and elevations that shall be confirmed and correlated at the job site. The City of Steamboat Springs assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of this document.



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CERTIFICATION

I hereby affirm that this Final Drainage Study and Stormwater Quality Plan for the Development Plan for Steamboat Basecamp was prepared by me (or under my direct supervision) for the owners thereof and is, to the best of my knowledge, in accordance with the provisions of the City of Steamboat Springs Storm Drainage Criteria and approved variances. I understand that the City of Steamboat Springs does not and will not assume liability for drainage facilities designed by others.



Deborah Spaustat, P.E.
State of Colorado No. 0041286



INTRODUCTION AND LOCATION

The purpose of this report is to estimate peak stormwater runoff, evaluate existing infrastructure and design required infrastructure to manage the existing stormwater experienced onsite and the incremental stormwater generated by the proposed Steamboat Basecamp (the Project). This report includes all the base data, methods, assumptions, and calculations used by Landmark Consultants, Inc. (Landmark) to design the stormwater management system for the project. It was prepared in concurrence with the Development Plan application.

The subject property, Lot 1 of the Worldwest Subdivision, is a 4.31-acre parcel of land located on the west side of Steamboat Springs. The property is bordered by US Highway 40 (Lincoln Ave) to the west, Curve Court to the south, Shield Drive to the west and Elk River Road South to the north. It currently contains a 22,120-square foot commercial building that used to house the Steamboat Pilot and Today newspaper offices production facilities. It also has a large, paved parking area. The northeast portion of the site is undeveloped. The adjacent Lot 2 (0.91 acres) of the Worldwest Subdivision is also undeveloped and will be partially impacted by the construction of the access road as part of this Development Plan. The full, future development of Lot 2 has been considered in the design of these facilities.

The project proposes to remodel add 1,700 square feet to the existing building, construct an access road on the east side of the building, make intersection and public transit access improvements and construct a water/quality and detention facility that will serve both this development and any future developments to Lot 1 and/or Lot 2.

The property is zoned Commercial Services, EC, AO. There is no proposed change in zoning or use.

Landmark prepared this report in accordance with City of Steamboat Springs Drainage Criteria for the purpose of designing the storm water infrastructure required by the project at the time of this report. This report may not be used by other parties without the express written consent of Landmark.

The facts and opinions expressed in this report are based on Landmark's understanding of the project and data gathered from:

- Site visits
- FEMA FIRM Map Number 08107C0883D and FIS Study
- NRCS soil maps
- Field survey by Landmark Consultants, Inc.
- Citywide Stormwater Masterplan by SEH
- References listed at the end of this report

The location of the project is shown on Figure 1: Vicinity Map.

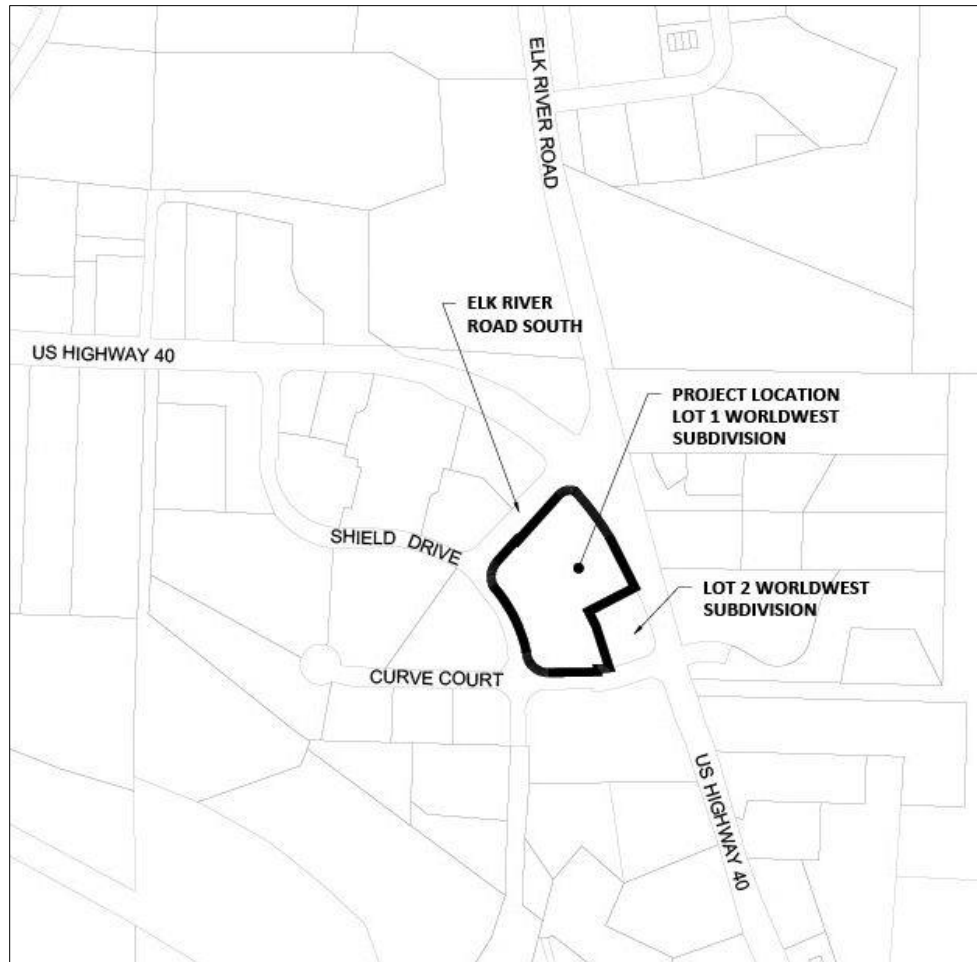


Figure 1- Vicinity Map

DRAINAGE CRITERIA AND METHODOLOGY

Landmark prepared this report in accordance with City of Steamboat Springs, Colorado Drainage Criteria, effective July, 2019. The methods used by Landmark are described below and the actual calculations are presented in the Appendices. The scope of this report is limited to flow determinations related to the described hydrological storm event. This report does not attempt to model subsurface flows nor is it intended to be used in the design of structure features including foundation drains and roof drains.

Design Rainfall and Runoff Frequency

Landmark used the Rational Method to determine peak runoff of small basins to design the on-site storm water runoff infrastructure associated with this project. The 5-year, 24 hour storm was used to analyze the minor storm event and the 100-year, 24 hour storm was used to analyze the major storm event. The methods developed by the Mile High Flood District were used in calculating the water quality capture volume for the proposed permanent stormwater treatment facility.



Storm Sewer Design

Autodesk Storm and Sanitary Sewer Analysis was used to design and analyze the proposed storm sewer systems. The storm sewers were designed so that the HGL of the minor storm does not exceed ground elevation.

Detention

Required detention volumes were determined using the FAA Method and storage is provided in an extended detention basin.

Stormwater Quality

The project will meet the WQCV standard using the methods outlined in USDCM Vol. 3. An extended detention basin was designed to provide water quality for Phase 1 as well as future conditions.

EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

In this report the term “historic condition” refers to the conditions of the site at the time of this report and may also be referred to as “pre-development condition” or “existing condition”. Lot 1 (4.31-acres) is currently about 60% developed containing a 22,120-square foot commercial building, parking areas and landscaping.

Runoff from the developed western portion of the site generally drains to the perimeter of the lot where it flows via roadside swale to an existing 21-inch x 27-inch CMP arch culvert at the corner of Shield Drive and Curve Court. A swale on the east side of the building collects runoff from the undeveloped portion of the Lot 1 and Lot 2 and directs it to the culvert as well. This culvert discharges to the ditch that runs east/west along Curve Court and makes its way to a large wetlands area west of the Combined Law Enforcement Facility and eventually the Yampa River. This culvert is shown in the Citywide Stormwater Masterplan by SEH (2013) and is not flagged as needing maintenance or replacement. In addition, none of the downstream culverts require immediate maintenance or replacement.

Two existing basins P-114R and P-123R were included in the Final Drainage Report for US 40 & Elk River Road Intersection Improvements and are shown on the existing conditions map. These basins receive minimal water from the property.

Analysis of the existing culvert using HY-8 indicates that this culvert has a capacity of approximately 15.3-cfs before overtopping the road. Overflow runoff will overtop Shield drive and make its way to the roadside ditch along Curve Court.

The soils onsite are an Elkhead clay loam with a hydrologic soil group of D. The property is very flat with slopes of between 0 and 4%. No flows from offsite basins enter the site.

Drainage Basins

The contributing drainage basin was analyzed as a single basin, H1, with boundaries at the centerline of the surrounding roads, (see Figure 2: Existing Drainage Conditions). Table 1 shows the hydrological summary of basin H1.



Design point "1" quantifies the total flow to the existing 21-inch x 27-inch CMP arch culvert exiting the site.

Table 1: Existing Drainage Basin Summary

	Historic (H)					
Basin	Total Area (acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp
1	2.15	0.64	0.79	4.04	10.83	73%
2.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	2.88	0.15	0.54	1.11	8.80	14%
3	0.88	0.56	0.75	1.30	3.78	64%
4	0.48	0.26	0.59	0.28	1.43	27%
P-203R	0.50	0.86	0.89	1.64	3.74	100%
P-114R	0.89	0.86	0.89	2.93	6.69	100%

Table 2: Existing Design Point Summary

	Historic (H)					
Design Point	Total Area (acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp
0	6.39	0.38	0.66	6.26	23.65	42%
off	1.39	0.86	0.89	4.57	10.43	1.00

Easements

The existing swale is located in a 16-foot and 20-foot drainage easement as shown in Figure 2. There is a 34.3-foot-wide landscape, drainage and underground utility easement running along the east side of Lot 1 and Lot 2.

FEMA Floodplain

FEMA FIRM Number 08107C0876D dated February 4, 2005, was reviewed and no portions of the property are within a Floodway or SFHA.

PROPOSED SITE CONDITIONS

The project proposes to remodel and add on to the existing building, construct an access road on the east side of the building, and modify the entrance access points and a portion of the existing parking. In addition, the project will construct a combined water quality and detention facility to provide treatment for the proposed improvements as well as anticipated future development on Lots 1 and 2.



Runoff from the new access road will be collected in a duraslot drain that runs the length of the road to an 18" HDPE storm sewer system that will convey it to the water quality/detention pond. The storm system will have stubbed laterals at intervals to provide for future connections.

Drainage Basins

The proposed site was broken into drainage basins as shown in Figure 3: Proposed Drainage Conditions. Basin D2 and Subbasins D2.1, D2.2, D2.3 and D2.4 include the new access road, Lot 2 and the undeveloped portion of Lot 1. Basin D1 includes the existing building and parking areas. Basins D3 and D4 are periphery basins that quantify runoff in the roadside ditches for the purpose of calculating culvert capacities. Offsite flows are limited to some sheet flow from the existing surrounding roads and are included and accounted for in all stormwater facilities.

Table 3 summarizes and compares the hydrological characteristics of the developed basins:

Table 3: Developed Drainage Basins

	Base Camp (D)					
Basin	Total Area (acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp
1	1.88	0.69	0.81	3.71	9.52	79%
2.1	0.85	0.86	0.89	2.81	6.41	100%
2.2	1.94	0.18	0.56	0.94	6.25	17%
2.3	0.26	0.17	0.55	0.17	1.20	16%
2.4	0.29	0.05	0.49	0.06	1.18	2%
2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	0.74	0.66	0.80	1.42	3.74	75%
4	0.24	0.49	0.71	0.42	1.32	55%
P-203R	0.69	0.73	0.83	1.94	4.83	84%
P-114R	0.88	0.86	0.89	2.91	6.63	100%

Design point "1" represents the combined developed flow to the detention pond. Design point "ud" represents all flow from basins D1, D3 and D4 that will be released from the site undetained. Table 4 summarizes the historical and developed design points:

Table 4: Developed Design Points

	Base Camp (D)					
Design Point	Total Area (acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp
0	6.20	0.49	0.71	7.74	24.40	55%
1	3.34	0.35	0.64	2.92	11.77	37%
off	1.57	0.81	0.87	4.88	11.49	93%
ud	2.86	0.67	0.80	4.93	12.92	76%



1. DP "d1" represents all runoff generated onsite before attenuation is applied
2. DP "ud" = undetained flow

The project will result in an increase in imperviousness from 42% to 55%, which will cause an increase in peak flows from both the minor and major storm events.

Stormsewer

The stormsewer system in basin D1 was designed to accommodate future potential development in Lot 1 and Lot2. The system consists of a duraslot drain pipe that will act as the main stem of the storm sewer. Lateral 12-inch and 18-inch pipes will collect incidental water from the undeveloped portions of the property and provide future connection points. The stormsewer has capacity to pass the full buildout minor storm event without surcharging. The stormsewer pipes will likely surcharge during the full buildout major storm event but the inlets calculations indicate that the inlets will not flood. In the event of flooding due to clogging, excess water will flow to the EDB/Detention pond via the new access road.

A 12-inch culvert is proposed at the public transit stop to convey water in the roadside ditch. No outlet protection is required as discharge velocities are below 5-feet per second for both design storms. The calculations for this culvert are included in Appendix B.

Detention

A combined water quality/detention pond will provide the attenuation required to restrict peak flows at the outlet to historic rates. The pond was sized to account for detention needs from potential future development by assuming an 85% imperviousness for basins D2.1, D2.2, D2.3, and D2.4. These Basins includes the undeveloped portion of Lot 1 and Lot 2. Table 5 shows the hydrology summary for the assumed future conditions and Table 5 shows the summary for the design points in future conditions:

Table 5: Assumed Future Conditions Basin Summary

	Future Development					
Basin	Total Area (acres)	C _s	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp
1	1.88	0.69	0.81	3.71	1.97	79%
2.1	0.85	0.73	0.83	2.40	2.82	85%
2.2	1.94	0.73	0.83	4.51	2.33	85%
2.3	0.26	0.73	0.83	0.73	2.82	85%
2.4	0.29	0.73	0.83	0.81	2.82	85%
2						
3	0.74	0.66	0.80	1.42	1.93	75%
4	0.24	0.49	0.71	0.42	1.72	55%
P-203R	0.69	0.73	0.83	1.94	2.82	84%



P-114R	0.88	0.86	0.89	2.91	3.30	100%
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Table 6: Assumed Future Conditions Design Point Summary

	Future Development					
Design Point	Total Area (acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp
0	6.20	0.70	0.82	13.78	35.12	81%
1	3.34	0.73	0.83	6.96	17.28	85%
off	1.57	0.80	0.87	4.83	11.44	93%
ud	2.86	0.66	0.80	4.46	11.77	76%

The proposed pond is 4.8-ft in total depth, although the major storm event depth is 3.1-feet. The top of the pond is an area of 5,439-square feet. Table 7 summarizes the detention requirements of the pond for full buildout (future) conditions:

Table 7: EDB/Detention Pond Summary					
	Q _{A5} ¹ (cfs)	Q _{A100} ¹ (cfs)	V ₅ (ft ³)	V ₁₀₀ (ft ³)	V _{provided} (ft ³)
Phase 1	1.33	10.72	2,399	5,554	13,430
1. Allowable Flow (Q _A) = Historic Flow (h ₁) - Undetained Flow (ud)					

The pond outlet will be a concrete structure with orifice plates to restrict flow to the required rates. It will discharge to a swale in the same location as the existing swale and flow to the existing 21-inch x 27-inch CMP arch culvert. The overflow will be positioned on the west corner of the pond so any overflow will also be directed into the swale and existing culvert. Maintenance requirements are discussed in the Operations and Maintenance Plan in Appendix D.

Runoff calculations are included in Appendix A. Calculations for storm system capacity are included in Appendix B. Water quality and detention calculations are included in Appendix C. No downstream properties will be impacted by the proposed improvements.

Easements

A proposed drainage easement will encompass the EDB/Detention Pond as shown in Figure 3. Additional water and sewer easements are proposed in the locations of the new water and sewer lines.

STORMWATER QUALITY

Water quality in the Yampa River is degraded by the washing off of accumulated deposits on the urban landscape of Steamboat Springs. Metals, salts, sand, gravel, trash, debris, and organics (including oil and gasoline) all accumulate on the streets and in parking lots of Steamboat Springs over the course of time. During a rainstorm event, these pollutants are washed by the runoff into



the Yampa River and its tributaries. Water quality problems caused by these pollutants include turbid water, nutrient enrichment, bacterial contamination, reduction in dissolved oxygen, and increased stress on aquatic life. The most prevalent pollutant in Steamboat Springs is sediment. Permanent stormwater treatment facilities included in this project are designed to minimize the amount of sediment leaving the site and entering the waterways.

Potential Pollutant Sources: The following are anticipated pollutant sources for this project:

1. Oil and sediment from vehicles
2. Landscaping maintenance
3. Snow removal and related transport of sand, dirt and oils;
4. Trash.

Permanent Stormwater Treatment Facility Selection:

Permanent stormwater treatment facility selection involves many factors such as physical site characteristics, treatment objectives, aesthetics, safety, maintenance requirements, and costs. As each site is unique, there is not a standard permanent stormwater treatment facility that can be implemented for every application and therefore there may be multiple solutions including standalone permanent stormwater treatment facilities or 'treatment trains' that combine multiple permanent stormwater treatment facilities to achieve the water quality objectives.

Using the MHFD flowchart and based on the site's characteristics, the most appropriate BMP for the site is an extended detention basin (EDB). The EDB was chosen over a rain garden or sand filter because of the existing 21-inch x 27-inch CMP arch culvert that is the outlet for the site creates vertical constraints that make it difficult to accommodate the lower elevation an underdrain would require.

The EDB was sized per the MHFD's design manual to drain the required water quality capture volume for potential full buildout conditions in 40-hrs as well as provide storage for the estimated future full buildout minor and major storm detention. The outlet structure will be designed to restrict flows to those required as part of this proposed development with the ability to modify the structure in the future for full buildout conditions without having increase the size of the pond. The pond bottom will have a concrete trickle channel for low flow conveyance.

The EDB will treat runoff from all of basin D2. The project will result in the addition of 0.74 acres of impervious area overall. The EDB will treat 1.19-acres of impervious area, some of which is existing. With the "site" being defined as the total disturbed area of 1.6-acres, and the facility treating 1.19-acres of impervious area, the facility will treat approximately 75% of the site (see Table 8)

Table 8: Percent of Site Treated						
Ex Imp. (acres)	Pr Imp. (acres)	Added Imp. (acres)	Treated Imp. (acres)	Disturbed Area (acres)	Percent Treated	Area not Treated (acres)
3.28	4.25	0.97	1.19	1.60	75%	0.41



The pond will have at least one foot of freeboard above the major storm event water surface elevation. Table 8: summarizes the proposed EDB/Detention Pond:

Table 9 EDB/Detention Pond Summary						
	WQCV (ft ³)	Q _{A5} ¹ (cfs)	Q _{A100} ¹ (cfs)	V ₅ (ft ³)	V ₁₀₀ (ft ³)	V _{provided} (ft ³)
Phase 1	1,975	1.33	10.72	2,399	5,554	13,430
Future	4,161	1.80	11.88	5,020	7,856	13,430

A draft Operation and Maintenance Plan is provided in the appendices of this report. A final O&M Plan will be provided with CD's.

TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

The primary source of storm water contaminants in the City of Steamboat Springs are suspended sediments and are most susceptible during construction activities. Temporary erosion and sediment control during construction is the responsibility of the permit holder (including NPDES permitting). Appropriate best management practices (BMP's) for construction activities are detailed in Erosion and Sediment Control During Construction by Routt County, Colorado. It is the responsibility of the permit holder to identify and properly handle all materials that are potential pollution sources prior to mobilization. The following are some common examples of potential pollution sources:

- Stockpiling of materials that can be transported to receiving waterways
- Uncovered trash bins
- Exposed and stored soils, management of contaminated soils
- Off-site tracking of soils and sediment
- Loading and unloading operations
- Outdoor storage of building materials, chemicals, fertilizers, etc.
- Vehicle and equipment maintenance and fueling
- Significant dust or particulate generating processes
- Routine maintenance activities involving fertilizers, pesticides, detergents, fuels, solvents, oils, etc.
- On-site waste disposal practices (waste piles, dumpsters, etc.)
- Concrete truck/equipment washing.
- Non-industrial waste sources that may be significant, such as worker trash and portable toilets.

It is not possible to identify all materials that will be used or stored on the construction site. It is the sole responsibility of the permit holder to identify and properly handle all materials that are potential pollutant sources prior to mobilization.

Some temporary BMP's include, but are not limited to, straw bales, silt fences, ditch checks, berms, slope drains, seeding and mulching, pipes, and sediment basins. In order to prevent mud from being transported into public right of ways, vehicle tracking pads and wheel wash areas



should be utilized. Temporary BMP's should be coordinated with the site's permanent erosion control measures to assure continuous and economical erosion control. Because different BMP's are required at different stages of construction, the site should be periodically reviewed by the permit holder to verify the proper BMP's are in place.

Temporary BMP's should be inspected at a minimum once every two weeks, after each significant storm event, and at 24 hour intervals during extended storm events. Repairs or reconstruction of temporary BMP's shall occur within two working days in order to ensure continued performance. It is the responsibility of the Construction Site Operator to conduct bi-weekly inspections, maintain BMP's, and keep records of site conditions and inspections.

Areas used for material storage which are exposed to precipitation, disturbed areas, the construction site perimeter, and all applicable/installed erosion and sediment control measures shall be inspected for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system.

Preventative maintenance of all temporary BMP's shall be provided in order to ensure continued performance. Maintenance activities and actions shall be noted and recorded during inspections. All temporary erosion control measures must be kept in place and maintained until the site has been sufficiently stabilized in accordance with permit requirements.

It is recommended that a Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) be completed prior to commencement of any land disturbing activities. Additionally, all pertinent local, state, and federal permits should be obtained prior to construction.

CONCLUSIONS

The improvements proposed for the Steamboat Base Camp remodeling and adding onto the existing building, constructing an access road with parking on the east side of the building, and making improvements the existing driveway entrances and parking areas. Stormwater runoff will be collected in a duraslot drain/ 18" storm sewer in the access road that will replace the existing swale.

The project will result in an increase in imperviousness of 13% and related increases in peak flow. A combined EDB/Detention pond will provide water quality treatment for the new impervious areas as well as potential future development in Lot 1 and Lot 2.

The design contained herein complies with the criteria set forth in the City's Drainage Design Manual. The storm sewer system and detention/stormwater quality pond will all require routine maintenance to maintain proper function.

LIMITATIONS

This study is intended to estimate and analyze peak stormwater runoff volumes generated by hydrologic events to evaluate existing drainage infrastructure and design new infrastructure needed to manage these flows. It does not account for groundwater, springs, or seeps and is not intended to be used for the evaluation or design of foundation drains or roof drains.

Basin delineations, areas, and soil characteristics are based on the best available information listed in the INTRODUCTION AND LOCATION section of the report. Actual conditions may vary. Landmark's assumptions, recommendations and opinions are based on this information and the proposed site plan. If any of the data is found to be inaccurate or the proposed site plan is changed, Landmark should be contacted to review this report and make any necessary revisions.



The 100-year event is defined as the rainfall, runoff, or flooding event which has a probability of 1-percent of occurring in any given year based on available data. The 100-year event could occur in successive years or even multiple times in a single year. Events greater than the 100-year event or lesser events combined with malfunctioning drainage works can occur on rare occasion and may cause flooding damage.

The data, opinions, and recommendations of this report are applicable to the specific design elements and location that is the subject of this report. The report is not applicable to any other design elements or to any other locations. Any and subsequent users accept any and all liability resulting from any use or reuse of the data, opinions, and recommendation without the prior written consent of Landmark Consultants, Inc.

Landmark Consultants, Inc. has no responsibility for construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures, or for safety precautions or programs in connection with the construction, for the acts or omissions of the contractor, or any other person performing any of the construction, or for the failure of any of them to carry out the construction in accordance with the Final Construction Drawings and Specifications.

The only warranty or guarantee made by Landmark Consultants, Inc. in connection with the services performed for this project is that such services are performed with the care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the profession practicing under similar conditions, at the same time, and in the same or similar locality. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made or intended by rendering such services or by furnishing written reports of the findings.

This study is intended to estimate and analyze peak stormwater runoff volumes generated by hydrologic events in order to evaluate existing drainage infrastructure and design new infrastructure needed to manage these flows. It does not account for groundwater, springs, or seeps and is not intended to be used for the evaluation or design of foundation drains or roof drains.



REFERENCES

1. Section 5.0 Drainage Criteria, City of Steamboat Springs Department of Public Works, September 2007.
2. Drainage Criteria Manual (Volumes 1 – 3), Urban Drainage and Flood Control District, June 2001
3. Hydraulic Design of Highway Culverts (HDS-5), Federal Highway Administration, September 2001
4. Procedures for Determining Peak Flows in Colorado, Natural Resource Conservation Service, 1984
5. Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds (TR-55), Natural Resource Conservation Service, June 1986
6. Final Drainage Report for Steamboat Base Area Redevelopment, Drexel, Barrell & Co., December 1, 2006.
7. Citywide Stormwater Master Plan for the City of Steamboat Spring, Colorado, SEH, March 2013.

APPENDIX A

HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS

Hydrologic Soil Group—Routt Area, Colorado, Parts of Rio Blanco and Routt Counties (Steamboat Base Camp)



Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
110	Elkhead clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	D	7.4	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest			7.4	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Table 6-3. Recommended percentage imperviousness values

Land Use or Surface Characteristics	Percentage Imperviousness (%)
Business:	
Downtown Areas	95
Suburban Areas	75
Residential lots (lot area only):	
Single-family	
2.5 acres or larger	12
0.75 – 2.5 acres	20
0.25 – 0.75 acres	30
0.25 acres or less	45
Apartments	75
Industrial:	
Light areas	80
Heavy areas	90
Parks, cemeteries	10
Playgrounds	25
Schools	55
Railroad yard areas	50
Undeveloped Areas:	
Historic flow analysis	2
Greenbelts, agricultural	2
Off-site flow analysis (when land use not defined)	45
Streets:	
Paved	100
Gravel (packed)	40
Drive and walks	90
Roofs	90
Lawns, sandy soil	2
Lawns, clayey soil	2

Table 6-5. Runoff coefficients, *c* (continued)

Total or Effective % Impervious	NRCS Hydrologic Soil Group C						
	2-Year	5-Year	10-Year	25-Year	50-Year	100-Year	500-Year
2%	0.01	0.05	0.15	0.33	0.40	0.49	0.59
5%	0.03	0.08	0.17	0.35	0.42	0.5	0.6
10%	0.06	0.12	0.21	0.37	0.44	0.52	0.62
15%	0.1	0.16	0.24	0.4	0.47	0.55	0.64
20%	0.14	0.2	0.28	0.43	0.49	0.57	0.65
25%	0.18	0.24	0.32	0.46	0.52	0.59	0.67
30%	0.22	0.28	0.35	0.49	0.54	0.61	0.68
35%	0.26	0.32	0.39	0.51	0.57	0.63	0.7
40%	0.3	0.36	0.43	0.54	0.59	0.65	0.71
45%	0.34	0.4	0.46	0.57	0.62	0.67	0.73
50%	0.38	0.44	0.5	0.6	0.64	0.69	0.75
55%	0.43	0.48	0.54	0.63	0.66	0.71	0.76
60%	0.47	0.52	0.57	0.65	0.69	0.73	0.78
65%	0.51	0.56	0.61	0.68	0.71	0.75	0.79
70%	0.56	0.61	0.65	0.71	0.74	0.77	0.81
75%	0.6	0.65	0.68	0.74	0.76	0.79	0.82
80%	0.65	0.69	0.72	0.77	0.79	0.81	0.84
85%	0.7	0.73	0.76	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.86
90%	0.74	0.77	0.79	0.82	0.84	0.85	0.87
95%	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.85	0.86	0.87	0.89
100%	0.83	0.85	0.87	0.88	0.89	0.89	0.9

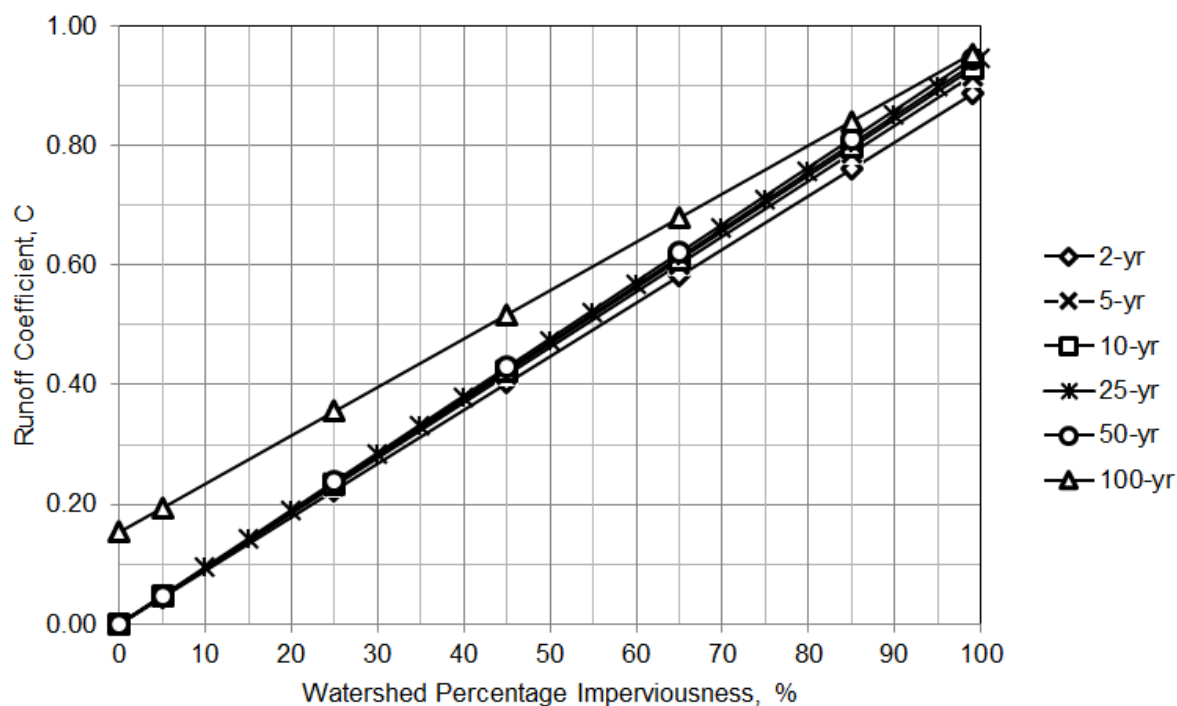


Figure 6-1. Runoff coefficient vs. watershed imperviousness NRCS HSG A

IDF Table for Steamboat Springs, CO

Table 5.5.1.P1 and Intensity-Duration-Frequency Values

Return Period	P1	Rainfall Intensity for Storm Duration				
		5-min	10-min	15-min	30-min	60-min
1.25-year	0.38	1.79	1.33	1.06	0.66	0.39
2-year	0.55	2.58	1.90	1.52	0.95	0.56
5-year	0.82	3.84	2.84	2.26	1.42	0.83
10-year	1.04	4.89	3.61	2.88	1.81	1.06
25-year	1.34	6.30	4.66	3.71	2.33	1.36
50-year	1.57	7.38	5.46	4.35	2.73	1.60
100-year	1.79	8.42	6.22	4.96	3.12	1.82
500-year	2.31	10.86	8.03	6.40	4.02	2.35

Based on 1-hour rainfall depths from NOAA Atlas 14 for Steamboat Springs (station ID-05-7936) and the equation:

$$I = P_1 \times \frac{49.1}{(T_d + 7.84)^{0.919}}$$

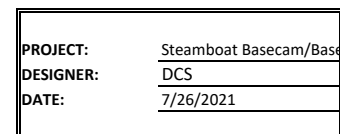
Where:

I = rainfall intensity (inches per hour)

P_1 = 1-hour rainfall depth (inches)

T_d = storm duration (minutes)

Future Development											
Basin ID	Basin Area (sq.ft.)	Basin Area (acres)	Area of Asphalt Parking and Walkways(sq. ft.)	Area of Asphalt Parking and Walkways (acres)	Area of Roof (sq.ft.)	Area of Roof (acres)	Area of Lawns and Landscaping (sq.ft.)	Area of Lawns and Landscaping (acres)	Percent Impervious	5-year Composite Runoff Coefficient	100-year Composite Runoff Coefficient
D1	82068.20	1.88	57228.44	1.31	8160.66	0.19	16679.10	0.38	79%	0.691	0.812
D2.1	37094.01	0.85							85%	0.732	0.833
D2.2	84505.75	1.94							85%	0.732	0.833
D2.3	11283.90	0.26							85%	0.732	0.833
D2.4	12458.69	0.29							85%	0.732	0.833
D3	32074.15	0.74	24041.00	0.55	0.00	0.00	8033.15	0.18	75%	0.658	0.796
D4	10601.27	0.24	5752.47	0.13	0.00	0.00	4848.80	0.11	55%	0.494	0.714
P-203R	30014.54	0.69	25218.47	0.58		0.00	4796.07	0.11	84%	0.732	0.833
P-114R	38383.73	0.88	38383.73	0.88		0.00	0.00	0.00	100%	0.855	0.894



Basin	Overland Flow				Conveyance		Swale Flow 1				Conveyance		Swale Flow 2				Time of Concentration		
	C _s	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	T _i (min)		K	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	Velocity, V (ft/s)	T _i (min)		K	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	Velocity, V (ft/s)	T _i (min)	Comp. T _c (min)	$\frac{L}{180} + 10$	Actual T _c (min)
D1	0.69	115	2.00	6.38	Grassed Waterway	15	488	2.00	2.83	3.83	Grassed Waterway	15		1.00	N/A	N/A	10.22	13.35	10.22
D2.1	0.86		3.82	N/A	Heavy Meadow	2.5	63	8.37	5.79	1.45	Grassed Waterway	15	258	1.00	2.00	2.87	4.32	11.78	5.00
D2.2	0.18	114	1.00	17.96	Grassed Waterway	15	184	1.00	2.00	2.04	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	20.00	11.66	11.66
D2.3	0.17		3.00	N/A	Grassed Waterway	15		1.00	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	5.00
D2.4	0.05		17.80	N/A	Grassed Waterway	15		1.63	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	5.00
D3	0.66	97	3.00	5.53	Grassed Waterway	15	399	1.00	2.00	4.43	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	9.96	12.76	9.96
D4	0.49	30	3.00	4.22	Grassed Waterway	15	236	1.00	2.00	2.62	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	6.84	11.48	6.84
P-203R	0.73		17.80	N/A	Grassed Waterway	15		1.63	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	5.00
P-114R	0.86		17.80	N/A	Grassed Waterway	15		1.63	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	5.00

Future Development																			
Basin	Overland Flow				Conveyance		Swale Flow 1				Conveyance		Swale Flow 2				Time of Concentration		
	C _s	L	(%)	(min)		K	L	(%)	V	(min)		K	L	(%)	V	(min)	T _c	$\frac{L_c}{1.48} + 1.0$	T _c
D1	0.69	115	2.00	6.38	Grassed Waterway	15	488	2.00	2.83	3.83	Grassed Waterway	15		1.00	N/A	N/A	10.22	13.35	10.22
D2.1	0.73		3.82	N/A	Heavy Meadow	2.5	63	8.37	5.79	1.45	Grassed Waterway	15	258	1.00	2.00	2.87	4.32	11.78	5.00
D2.2	0.73	100	1.00	6.75	Shallow Paved Swales	20	184	1.00	2.00	1.53	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	8.28	11.58	8.28
D2.3	0.73		3.00	N/A	Grassed Waterway	15		1.00	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	5.00
D2.4	0.73		17.80	N/A	Grassed Waterway	15		1.63	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	5.00
D3	0.66	97	3.00	5.53	Grassed Waterway	15	399	1.00	2.00	4.43	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	9.96	12.76	9.96
D4	0.49	30	3.00	4.22	Grassed Waterway	15	236	1.00	2.00	2.62	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	6.84	11.48	6.84
P-203R	0.73		17.80	N/A	Grassed Waterway	15		1.63	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	5.00
P-114R	0.86		17.80	N/A	Grassed Waterway	15		1.63	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	5.00



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PROJECT:

DESIGNER:

DATE:

Steamboat Basecam/Basecamp

DCS

7/26/2021

DIRECT RUNOFF COMPUTATIONS										
Overland Flow, Time of Concentration: $T_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_s)\sqrt{L}}{S^{1/3}} \quad (\text{Equation RO-3})$ Gutter/Swale Flow, Time of Concentration: $T_t = L / 60V$ $T_c = T_i + T_t$ (Equation RO-2) Intensity, I from Fig. RA-2 (Equation RO-4) Velocity (Gutter Flow), $V = 20 \cdot S^{1/2}$ Velocity (Swale Flow), $V = 15 \cdot S^{1/2}$ Rational Equation: $Q = CiA$ (Equation RO-1)										
Existing										
Basin(s)	Area, A (acres)	T _c (min)	C _s	C ₁₀₀	Intensity, I ₅ (in/hr)	Intensity, I ₁₀₀ (in/hr)	Flow, Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₅ per Acre (cfs/ac)	Flow, Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ per Acre (cfs/ac)
H1	2.15	9.69	0.64	0.79	2.93	6.39	4.04	1.88	10.83	5.03
H2	2.88	12.34	0.15	0.54	2.58	5.64	1.11	0.39	8.80	3.06
H3	0.88	11.93	0.56	0.75	2.65	5.78	1.30	1.48	3.78	4.31
H4	0.48	14.82	0.26	0.59	2.32	5.06	0.28	0.59	1.43	3.01
P-203R	0.50	5.00	0.86	0.89	3.86	8.42	1.64	3.30	3.74	7.52
P-114R	0.89	5.00	0.86	0.89	3.86	8.42	2.93	3.30	6.69	7.52

Phase 1										
Basin(s)	Area, A (acres)	T _c (min)	C _s	C ₁₀₀	Intensity, I ₅ (in/hr)	Intensity, I ₁₀₀ (in/hr)	Flow, Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₅ per Acre (cfs/ac)	Flow, Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ per Acre (cfs/ac)
D1	1.88	10.22	0.69	0.81	2.85	6.22	3.71	1.97	9.52	5.05
D2.1	0.85	5.00	0.86	0.89	3.86	8.42	2.81	3.30	6.41	7.52
D2.2	1.94	11.66	0.18	0.56	2.65	5.78	0.94	0.48	6.25	3.22
D2.3	0.26	5.00	0.17	0.55	3.86	8.42	0.17	0.64	1.20	4.63
D2.4	0.29	5.00	0.05	0.49	3.86	8.42	0.06	0.20	1.18	4.14
D3	0.74	9.96	0.66	0.80	2.93	6.39	1.42	1.93	3.74	5.08
D4	0.24	6.84	0.49	0.71	3.48	7.60	0.42	1.72	1.32	5.43
P-203R	0.69	5.00	0.73	0.83	3.86	8.42	1.94	2.82	4.83	7.01
P-114R	0.88	5.00	0.86	0.89	3.86	8.42	2.91	3.30	6.63	7.52

Future Development

Basin(s)	Area, A (acres)	T _c (min)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Intensity, I ₅ (in/hr)	Intensity, I ₁₀₀ (in/hr)	Flow, Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₅ per Acre (cfs/ac)	Flow, Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ per Acre (cfs/ac)
D1	1.88	10.22	0.69	0.81	2.85	6.22	3.71	1.97	9.52	5.05
D2.1	0.85	5.00	0.73	0.83	3.86	8.42	2.40	2.82	5.97	7.01
D2.2	1.94	8.28	0.73	0.83	3.18	6.94	4.51	2.33	11.21	5.78
D2.3	0.26	5.00	0.73	0.83	3.86	8.42	0.73	2.82	1.82	7.01
D2.4	0.29	5.00	0.73	0.83	3.86	8.42	0.81	2.82	2.00	7.01
D3	0.74	9.96	0.66	0.80	2.93	6.39	1.42	1.93	3.74	5.08
D4	0.24	6.84	0.49	0.71	3.48	7.60	0.42	1.72	1.32	5.43
P-203R	0.69	5.00	0.73	0.83	3.86	8.42	1.94	2.82	4.83	7.01
P-114R	0.88	5.00	0.86	0.89	3.86	8.42	2.91	3.30	6.63	7.52



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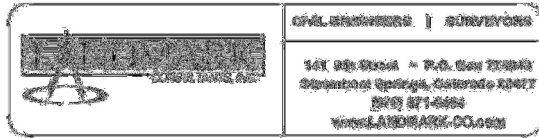
PROJECT: Steamboat Basecam/Basecam
DESIGNER: DCS
DATE: 7/26/2021

COMBINED COMPOSITE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS

Character of Surface		Percent Impervious										
Asphalt Parking and Walkways		100%										
Gravel		40%										
Roof		90%										
Lawns and Landscaping		2%										
Future Development		100%										
Existing												
Design Point	Combined Basin IDs	Basin Area (sq.ft.)	Basin Area (acres)	Area of Asphalt Parking and Walkways(sq.ft.)	Area of Asphalt Parking and Walkways (acres)	Area of Roof (sq.ft.)	Area of Roof (acres)	Area of Lawns and Landscaping (sq.ft.)	Area of Lawns and Landscaping (acres)	Percent Impervious	5-year Composite Runoff Coefficient	100-year Composite Runoff Coefficient
0	H1+H2+H3+H4	278176.43	6.39	89010.27	2.04	25863.02	0.59	163303.14	3.75	42%	0.38	0.66
off	P-230R+P-114R	60387.29	1.39	60387.29	1.39		0.00	0.00	0.00	100%	0.86	0.89
Base Camp (Phase 1)												
Design Point	Combined Basin IDs	Basin Area (sq.ft.)	Basin Area (acres)	Area of Asphalt Parking and Walkways(sq.ft.)	Area of Asphalt Parking and Walkways (acres)	Area of Roof (sq.ft.)	Area of Roof (acres)	Area of Lawns and Landscaping (sq.ft.)	Area of Lawns and Landscaping (acres)	Percent Impervious	5-year Composite Runoff Coefficient	100-year Composite Runoff Coefficient
0	D1+D2.1+D2.2+D2.3+D2.4+D3+D4	270085.97	6.20	138948.68	3.19	8160.66	0.19	122976.63	2.82	55%	0.49	0.71
1	D2.1+D2.2+D2.3+D2.4	145342.35	3.34	51926.77	1.19	0.00	0.00	93415.58	2.14	37%	0.35	0.64
off	P-230R+P-114R	68398.27	1.57	63602.20	1.46		0.00	4796.07	0.11	93%	0.81	0.87
ud	D1+D3+D4	124743.62	2.86	87021.91	2.00	8160.66	0.19	29561.05	0.68	76%	0.67	0.80

Future Development

Design Point	Combined Basin IDs	Basin Area (sq.ft.)	Basin Area (acres)	Area of Asphalt Parking and Walkways(s q.ft.)	Area of Asphalt Parking and Walkways (s (acres)	Area of Roof (sq.ft.)	Area of Roof (acres)	Area of Lawns and Landscaping (sq.ft.)	Area of Lawns and Landscaping (acres)	Percent Impervious	5-year Composite Runoff Coefficient	100-year Composite Runoff Coefficient
0	D1+D2.1+D2.2+D2.3+D2.4+D3+D4	270085.97	6.20							81%	0.70	0.82
1	D2.1+D2.2+D2.3+D2.4	145342.35	3.34							85%	0.73	0.83
off	P-230R+P-114R	68398.27	1.57	63602.20	1.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	93%	0.80	0.87
ud	D1+D3+D4	124743.62	2.86	87021.91	2.00	8160.66	0.19	21475.17	0.49	76%	0.66	0.80



PROJECT:	Steamboat Basecam/Baseca
DESIGNER:	DCS
DATE:	7/26/2021

COMBINED TIME OF CONCENTRATION COMPUTATIONS

Overland Flow, Time of Concentration:

$$T_t = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_s)\sqrt{L}}{S^{1/3}} \text{ (Equation)}$$

Gutter/Swale Flow, Time of Concentration:

$$T_t = L / 60V$$

$$T_c = T_t + T_r \text{ (Equation RO-2)}$$

Intensity, i From Figures 3.3.1-2 (Area II)

$$\text{Velocity (Gutter Flow), } V = 20 \cdot S^{1/2}$$

$$\text{Velocity (Swale Flow), } V = 15 \cdot S^{1/2}$$

$$\text{Rational Equation: } Q = CiA \text{ (Equation RO-1)}$$

Existing

Design Point	Basin(s)	Overland Flow			Conveyance		Swale Flow 1				Conveyance		Swale Flow 2				Time of Concentration			
		C _s	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	T _i (min)		K	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	Velocity, V (ft/s)	T _t (min)		K	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	Velocity, V (ft/s)	T _t (min)	Comp. T _c (min)	$\frac{L}{180} + 10$	Actual T _c (min)
0	H1+H2+H3+H4	0.38	100	3.82	8.45	Heavy Meadow	2.5	63	8.37	5.79	1.45	Grassed Waterway	15	258	1.00	2.00	2.87	12.77	12.34	12.34
off	P-230R+P-114R	0.86	30	3.00	1.71	Grassed Waterway	15	132	1.00	2.00	1.47	Shallow Paved Swales	20		N/A	N/A	N/A	3.17	10.90	5.00

Phase 1

Design Point	Basin(s)	Overland Flow				Conveyance	Swale Flow 1				Conveyance	Swale Flow 2				Time of Concentration		
		C ₅	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	T _i (min)	K	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	Velocity, V (ft/s)	T _t (min)	K	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	Velocity, V (ft/s)	T _t (min)	Comp. T _c (min)	$\frac{L}{180} + 10$	Actual T _c (min)
0	D1+D2.1+D2.2+D2.3+D2.4+D3+D4	0.49	114	1.00	11.86	Heavy Meadow 2.5	184	1.00	2.00	12.27	Grassed Waterway 15	202	0.50	1.41	3.17	27.30	12.78	12.78
1	D2.1+D2.2+D2.3+D2.4	0.35	114	1.00	14.75	Grassed Waterway 15	184	1.00	2.00	2.04	Shallow Paved Swales 20	202	0.50	1.41	2.38	19.17	12.78	12.78
off	P-230R+P-114R	0.81	30	3.00	2.05	Grassed Waterway 15	132	1.00	2.00	1.47	Shallow Paved Swales 20		N/A	N/A	N/A	3.52	10.90	5.00
ud	D1+D3+D4	0.67	97	3.00	5.43	Grassed Waterway 15	399	1.00	2.00	4.43	Grassed Waterway 15	236	1.00	2.00	2.62	12.48	14.07	12.48

Future Development*																			
Design Point	Basin(s)	Overland Flow				Conveyance		Swale Flow 1				Conveyance		Swale Flow 2				Time of Concentration	
		C _s	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	T _i (min)	K	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	Velocity, V (ft/s)	T _t (min)	K	Length, L (ft)	Slope, S (%)	Velocity, V (ft/s)	T _t (min)	Comp. T _c (min)	$\frac{L}{180} + 10$	Actual T _c (min)	
1	D2.1+D2.2+D2.3+D2.4	0.73	100	1.00	6.75	Shallow Paved Swales 20	184	1.00	2.00	1.53	Shallow Paved Swales 20		0.50	N/A	N/A	8.28	11.58	8.28	
off	P-230R+P-114R	0.80	114	1.00	5.92	Grassed Waterway 15	184	1.00	2.00	2.04	Shallow Paved Swales 20	202	0.50	1.41	2.38	10.34	12.78	10.34	
ud	D1+D3+D4	0.66	30	3.00	3.08	Grassed Waterway 15	132	1.00	2.00	1.47	Shallow Paved Swales 20		N/A	N/A	N/A	4.54	10.90	5.00	
0	0	0.00	97	3.00	13.77	Grassed Waterway 15	399	1.00	2.00	4.43	Grassed Waterway 15	236	1.00	2.00	2.62	20.83	14.07	14.07	



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DESIGNER: DCS
DATE: 7/26/2021

COMBINED DIRECT RUNOFF COMPUTATIONS

Overland Flow, Time of Concentration:

$$T_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_s)\sqrt{L}}{S^{1/3}}$$

Gutter/Swale Flow, Time of Concentration:

$$T_t = L / 60V$$

$$T_c = T_i + T_t \text{ (Equation RO-2)}$$

Intensity, I from Fig. RA-2

$$\text{Velocity (Gutter Flow), } V = 20 \cdot S^{1/2}$$

$$\text{Velocity (Swale Flow), } V = 15 \cdot S^{1/2}$$

$$\text{Rational Equation: } Q = CiA \text{ (Equation RO-1)}$$

Existing

Design Point	Basin(s)	Area, A (acres)	T _c (min)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Intensity I ₅ (in/hr)	Intensity I ₁₀₀ (in/hr)	Flow Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₅ per Acre (cfs/ac)	Flow Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ per Acre (cfs/ac)
0	H1+H2+H3+H4	6.39	12.34	0.38	0.66	2.58	5.64	6.26	0.98	23.65	3.70
off	P-230R+P-114R	1.39	5.00	0.86	0.89	3.86	8.42	4.57	3.30	10.43	7.52

Phase 1

Design Point	Basin(s)	Area, A (acres)	T _c (min)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Intensity I ₅ (in/hr)	Intensity I ₁₀₀ (in/hr)	Flow Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₅ per Acre (cfs/ac)	Flow Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ per Acre (cfs/ac)
0	D1+D2.1+D2.2+D2.3+D2.4+D3+D4	6.20	12.78	0.49	0.71	2.53	5.52	7.74	1.25	24.40	3.94
1	D2.1+D2.2+D2.3+D2.4	3.34	12.78	0.35	0.64	2.53	5.52	2.92	0.88	11.77	3.53
off	P-230R+P-114R	1.57	5.00	0.81	0.87	3.86	8.42	4.88	3.11	11.49	7.32
ud	D1+D3+D4	2.86	12.48	0.67	0.80	2.58	5.64	4.93	1.72	12.92	4.51

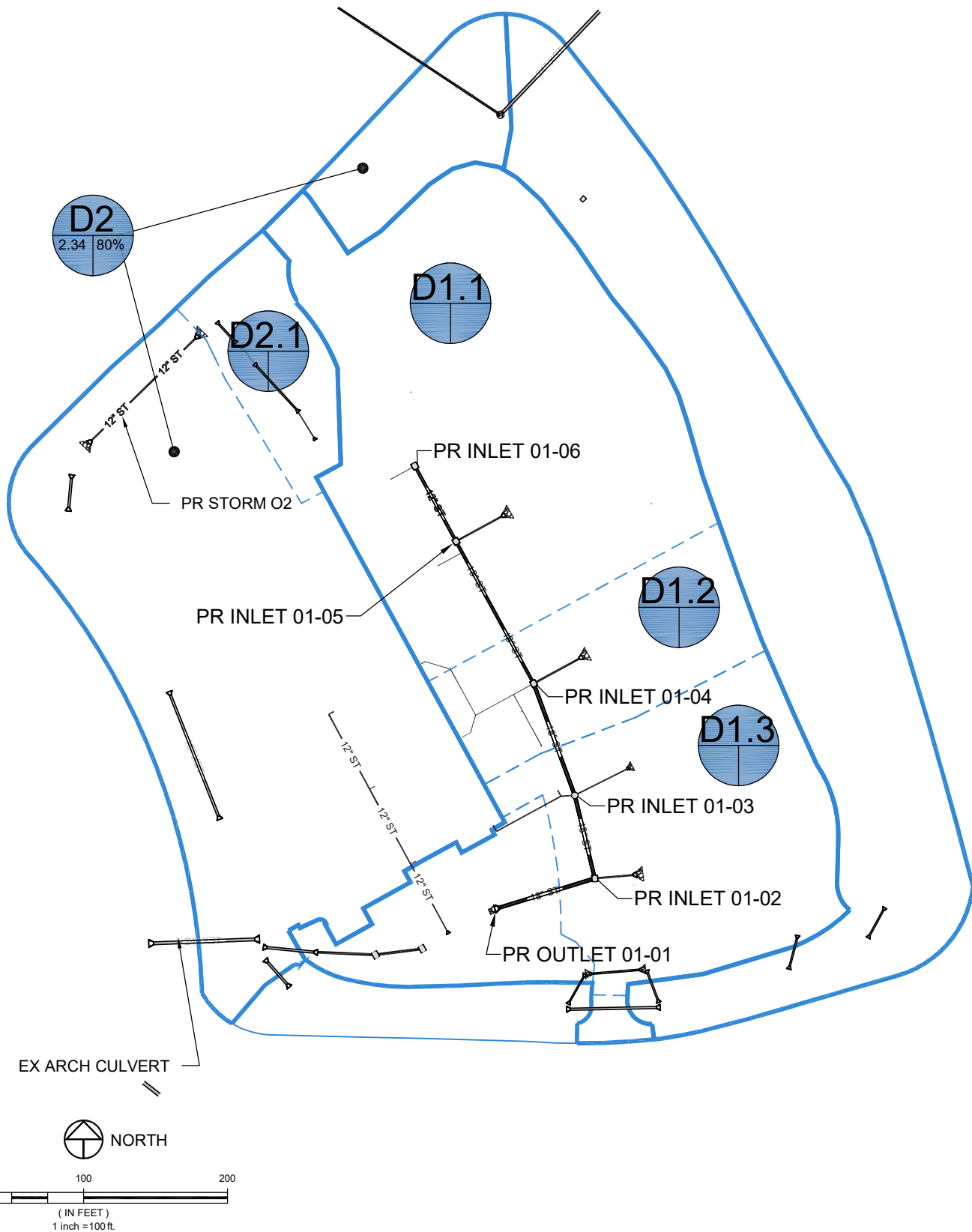
Future Development

Design Point	Basin(s)	Area, A (acres)	T _c (min)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Intensity I ₅ (in/hr)	Intensity I ₁₀₀ (in/hr)	Flow Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₅ per Acre (cfs/ac)	Flow Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ per Acre (cfs/ac)
0	D1+D2.1+D2.2+D2.3+D2.4+D3+D4	6.20	8.28	0.70	0.82	3.18	6.94	13.78	2.22	35.12	5.66
1	D2.1+D2.2+D2.3+D2.4	3.34	10.34	0.73	0.83	2.85	6.22	6.96	2.09	17.28	5.18
off	P-230R+P-114R	1.57	5.00	0.80	0.87	3.86	8.42	4.83	3.08	11.44	7.28
ud	D1+D3+D4	2.86	14.07	0.66	0.80	2.37	5.17	4.46	1.56	11.77	4.11

APPENDIX B

HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

LIST OF XREFS: [2387-004-xExist]



www.landmark-co.com

PROJECT: 2387-004

DATE: 4/26/2021

DRAWN BY: DCS

CHECKED BY: LCI

Steamboat Base Camp Inlet Drainage Basins

SHEET

1

Of 1 Sheets



CIVIL ENGINEERS | SURVEYORS

141 9th Street ~ P.O. Box 774943
Steamboat Springs, Colorado 80477
(970) 871-9494
www.LANDMARK-CO.com

PROJECT:	Steamboat Base Camp
DESIGNER:	DCS
DATE:	4/16/2021

Stormsewer capacity

Basin ID	Basin Area (sq.ft.)	Basin Area (acres)	Area of Asphalt Parking and Walkways(sq. ft.)	Area of Asphalt Parking and Walkways (acres)	Area of Gravel Surfaces (sq.ft)	Area of Gravel Surfaces (acres)	Area of Roof (sq.ft.)	Area of Roof (acres)	Area of Lawns and Landscaping (sq.ft.)	Area of Lawns and Landscaping (acres)	Future Development (sq.ft.)	Area of Residential (acres)	Percent Impervious	5-year Composite Runoff Coefficient	100-year Composite Runoff Coefficient
D1.1	66261.37	1.52		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	66261.37	1.52	85%	0.732	0.833
D1.2	19701.15	0.45		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	19701.15	0.45	85%	0.732	0.833
D1.3	36003.89	0.83		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	36003.89	0.83	85%	0.732	0.833
D2.1	10822.98	0.25		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	10822.98	0.25	85%	0.732	0.833



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PROJECT:	Steamboat Base Camp
DESIGNER:	DCS
DATE:	4/16/2021

TIME OF CONCENTRATION COMPUTATIONS																			
Overland Flow, Time of Concentration: $T_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_s)\sqrt{L}}{S^{1/3}}$ (Equation RO-3)																			
Gutter/Swale Flow, Time of Concentration: T_t = L / 60V T_c = T_i + T_t (Equation RO-2) Intensity, i From Figures 3.3.1-2 (Area II) Velocity (Gutter Flow), V = 20·S^½ Velocity (Swale Flow), V = 15·S^½ Rational Equation: Q = CiA (Equation RO-1)																			
Future Development*																			
D1.1	0.73	0		N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		0.50	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		3.00	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	12.34
D1.2	0.73	0		N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		1.50	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		4.00	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	12.34
D1.3	0.73	0		N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		2.50	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		5.00	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	12.34
D2.1	0.73	0		N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		2.50	N/A	N/A	Shallow Paved Swales	20		5.00	N/A	N/A	0.00	10.00	10.23



PROJECT:	Steamboat Base Camp
DESIGNER:	DCS
DATE:	4/16/2021

Overland Flow, Time of Concentration:

$$T_i = \frac{0.395(1.1 - C_5)\sqrt{L}}{S^{1/3}} \quad (\text{Equation RO-3})$$

Gutter/Swale Flow, Time of Concentration:

$$T_t = L / 60V$$

$$T_c = T_i + T_t \text{ (Equation RO-2)}$$

Intensity, I from Fig. RA-2 (Equation RO-4)

Velocity (Gutter Flow), $V = 20 \cdot S^{1/2}$

Velocity (Swale Flow), $V = 15 \cdot S^{1/2}$

Rational Equation: $Q = CiA$ (Equation RO-1)

Stormsewer Capacity

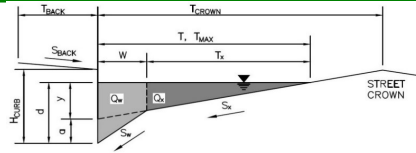
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ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Steamboat Basecamp

Inlet ID: Inlet 01-02

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

T_{BACK}	=	8.0	ft
S_{BACK}	=	0.020	ft/ft
n_{BACK}	=	0.012	

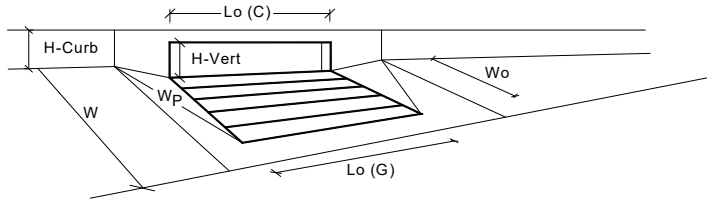
H_{CURB}	=	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN}	=	12.4	ft
W	=	3.00	ft
S_X	=	0.030	ft/ft
S_W	=	0.083	ft/ft
S_O	=	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET}	=	0.012	

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX}	12.4	12.4	ft
d_{MAX}	6.0	12.0	inches
	☐	☐	

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow}	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



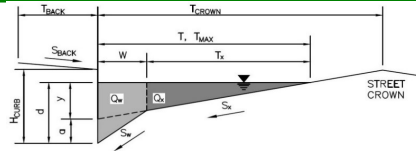
Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate	Type =	CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a _{local} =	2.00	2.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	2	2	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.4	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	☐ Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		L _o (G) =	3.00	3.00	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W _o =	1.73	1.73	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A _{ratio} =	0.43	0.43	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C _f (G) =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C _w (G) =	3.30	3.30	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C _o (G) =	0.60	0.60	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L _o (C) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H _{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H _{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W _p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C _f (C) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C _w (C) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C _o (C) =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d _{Grate} =	0.547	0.578	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d _{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Grate} =	0.71	0.75	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q _a =	3.9	4.5	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)		Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	1.6	3.9	cfs

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Steamboat Basecamp

Inlet ID: Inlet 01-04

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

T_{BACK}	=	8.0	ft
S_{BACK}	=	0.020	ft/ft
n_{BACK}	=	0.012	

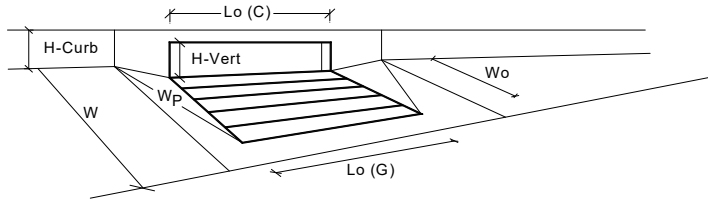
H_{CURB}	=	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN}	=	12.4	ft
W	=	3.00	ft
S_x	=	0.030	ft/ft
S_w	=	0.083	ft/ft
S_o	=	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET}	=	0.012	

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX}	12.4	12.4	ft
d_{MAX}	6.0	6.0	inches
	☐	☐	

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow}	SUMP	SUMP	cfs

INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



Warning 1

Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT/Denver 13 Combination	Type =	CDOT/Denver 13 Combination		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a _{local} =	1.00	1.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	2	2	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.0	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	☐ Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		L _o (G) =	3.00	3.00	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W _o =	1.73	1.73	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A _{ratio} =	0.43	0.43	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C _f (G) =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C _w (G) =	3.30	3.30	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C _o (G) =	0.60	0.60	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L _o (C) =	3.00	3.00	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H _{vert} =	6.50	6.50	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H _{throat} =	5.25	5.25	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	0.00	0.00	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W _p =	3.00	3.00	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C _f (C) =	0.10	0.10	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C _w (C) =	3.70	3.70	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C _o (C) =	0.66	0.66	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d _{Grate} =	0.488	0.488	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d _{Curb} =	0.25	0.25	ft
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Combination} =	0.71	0.71	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Curb} =	1.00	1.00	
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Grate} =	0.71	0.71	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q _s =	4.2	4.2	cfs
Inlet Capacity IS GOOD for Minor and Major Storms(>Q PEAK)		Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	0.9	2.1	cfs

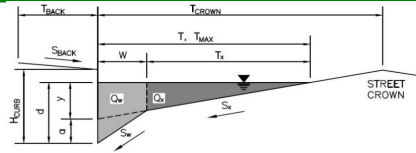
Warning 1: Dimension entered is not a typical dimension for inlet type specified.

ALLOWABLE CAPACITY FOR ONE-HALF OF STREET (Minor & Major Storm)

(Based on Regulated Criteria for Maximum Allowable Flow Depth and Spread)

Project: Steamboat Basecamp

Inlet ID: Inlet 01-05

**Gutter Geometry:**

Maximum Allowable Width for Spread Behind Curb

Side Slope Behind Curb (leave blank for no conveyance credit behind curb)

Manning's Roughness Behind Curb (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Height of Curb at Gutter Flow Line

Distance from Curb Face to Street Crown

Gutter Width

Street Transverse Slope

Gutter Cross Slope (typically 2 inches over 24 inches or 0.083 ft/ft)

Street Longitudinal Slope - Enter 0 for sump condition

Manning's Roughness for Street Section (typically between 0.012 and 0.020)

Max. Allowable Spread for Minor & Major Storm

Max. Allowable Depth at Gutter Flowline for Minor & Major Storm

Check boxes are not applicable in SUMP conditions

MINOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

MAJOR STORM Allowable Capacity is based on Depth Criterion

T_{BACK}	=	8.0	ft
S_{BACK}	=	0.020	ft/ft
n_{BACK}	=	0.012	

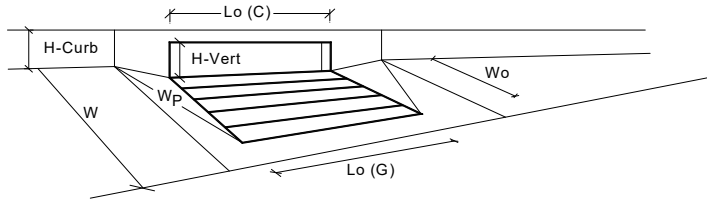
H_{CURB}	=	6.00	inches
T_{CROWN}	=	12.4	ft
W	=	3.00	ft
S_x	=	0.030	ft/ft
S_w	=	0.083	ft/ft
S_o	=	0.000	ft/ft
n_{STREET}	=	0.012	

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
T_{MAX}	=	12.4	ft
d_{MAX}	=	6.0	inches
	☐	☐	

	Minor Storm	Major Storm	
Q_{allow}	=	SUMP	SUMP cfs

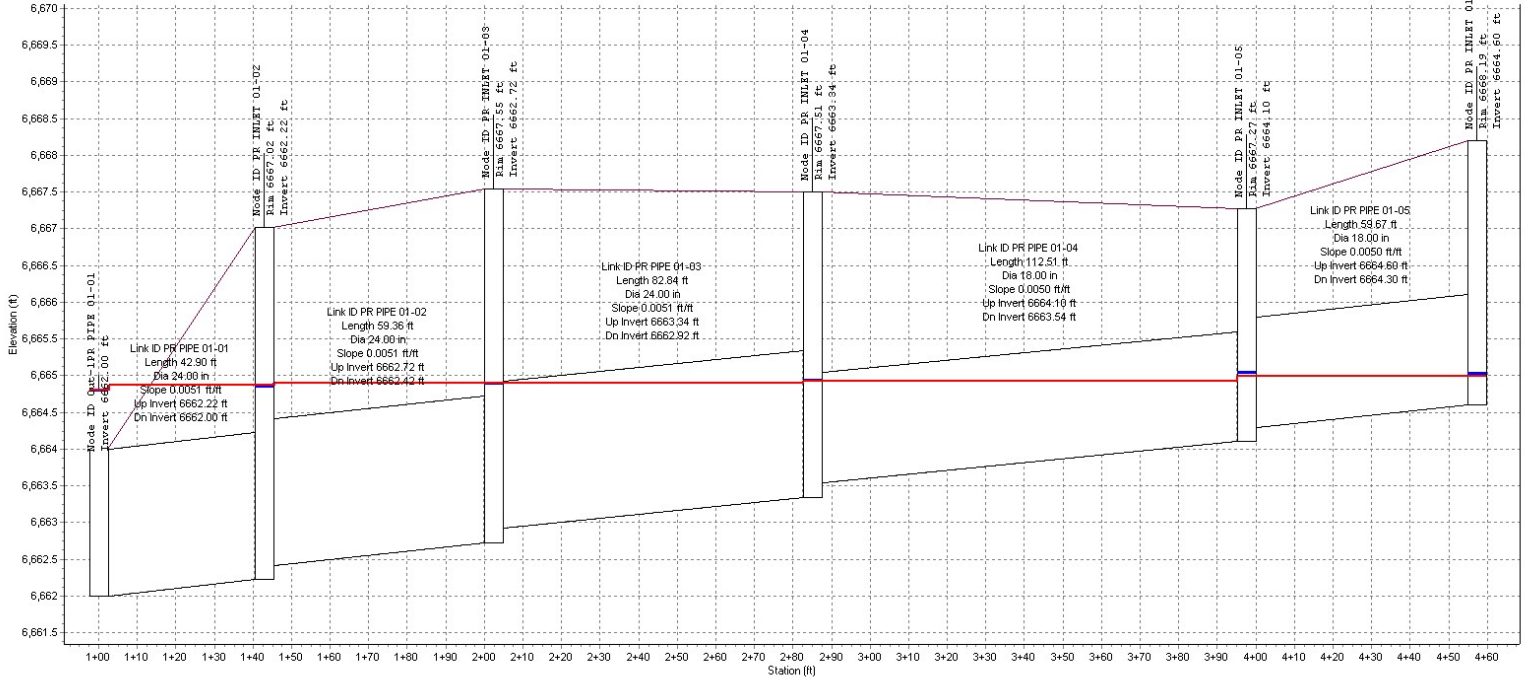
INLET IN A SUMP OR SAG LOCATION

MHFD-Inlet, Version 5.01 (April 2021)



Design Information (Input)		MINOR		MAJOR	
Type of Inlet	CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate	Type =	CDOT/Denver 13 Valley Grate		
Local Depression (additional to continuous gutter depression 'a' from above)		a _{local} =	2.00	2.00	inches
Number of Unit Inlets (Grate or Curb Opening)		No =	1	1	
Water Depth at Flowline (outside of local depression)		Ponding Depth =	6.0	6.4	inches
<u>Grate Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	☐ Override Depths
Length of a Unit Grate		L _o (G) =	3.00	3.00	feet
Width of a Unit Grate		W _o =	1.73	1.73	feet
Area Opening Ratio for a Grate (typical values 0.15-0.90)		A _{ratio} =	0.43	0.43	
Clogging Factor for a Single Grate (typical value 0.50 - 0.70)		C _f (G) =	0.50	0.50	
Grate Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.15 - 3.60)		C _w (G) =	3.30	3.30	
Grate Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.80)		C _o (G) =	0.60	0.60	
<u>Curb Opening Information</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Length of a Unit Curb Opening		L _o (C) =	N/A	N/A	feet
Height of Vertical Curb Opening in Inches		H _{vert} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Height of Curb Orifice Throat in Inches		H _{throat} =	N/A	N/A	inches
Angle of Throat (see USDCM Figure ST-5)		Theta =	N/A	N/A	degrees
Side Width for Depression Pan (typically the gutter width of 2 feet)		W _p =	N/A	N/A	feet
Clogging Factor for a Single Curb Opening (typical value 0.10)		C _f (C) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Weir Coefficient (typical value 2.3-3.7)		C _w (C) =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Orifice Coefficient (typical value 0.60 - 0.70)		C _o (C) =	N/A	N/A	
<u>Low Head Performance Reduction (Calculated)</u>			MINOR	MAJOR	
Depth for Grate Midwidth		d _{Grate} =	0.547	0.578	ft
Depth for Curb Opening Weir Equation		d _{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	ft
Combination Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Combination} =	N/A	N/A	
Curb Opening Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Curb} =	N/A	N/A	
Grated Inlet Performance Reduction Factor for Long Inlets		RF _{Grate} =	0.94	1.00	
Total Inlet Interception Capacity (assumes clogged condition)		Q _a =	2.8	3.3	cfs
WARNING: Inlet Capacity less than Q Peak for Minor and Major Storm		Q _{PEAK REQUIRED} =	2.9	7.2	cfs

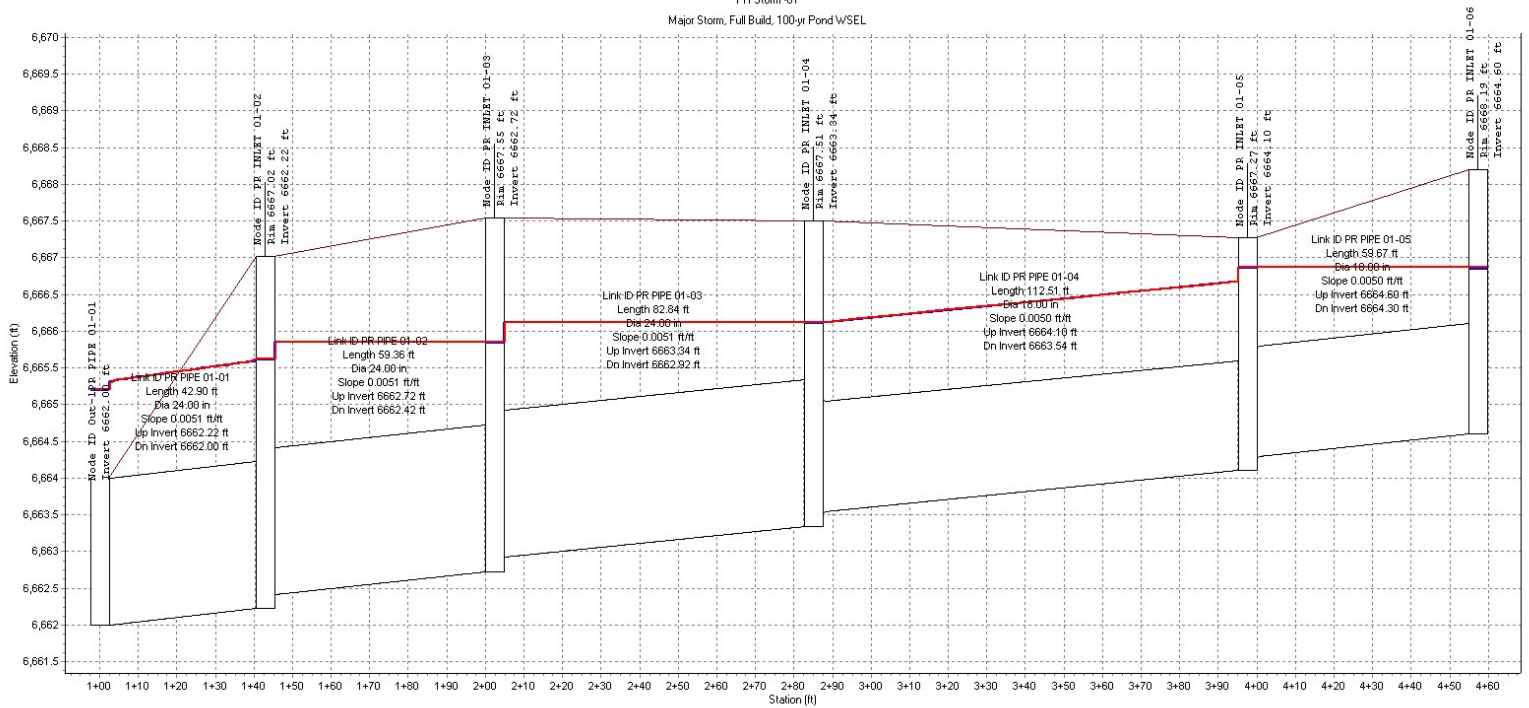
PR Storm -01
Minor Storm, Full Build, 5-yr Pond W/SEL



Node ID:	PR INLET 01-02		PR INLET 01-03		PR INLET 01-04		PR INLET 01-05		PR INLET 01-06	
Rim (ft)	6667.02		6667.55		6667.51		6667.27		6668.13	
Invert (ft)	6662.00		6662.72		6663.34		6664.10		6664.60	
Min Pipe Cover (ft)	2.60		2.63		2.17		1.47		2.09	
Max HGL (ft)	6664.80		6665.63		6666.40		6666.81		6667.10	
Link ID:	PR PIPE 01-01		PR PIPE 01-02		PR PIPE 01-03		PR PIPE 01-04		PR PIPE 01-05	
Length (ft)	42.90		59.36		82.84		112.51		59.67	
Dia (in)	24.00		24.00		24.00		18.00		18.00	
Slope (ft/ft)	0.0051		0.0051		0.0051		0.0050		0.0050	
Up Invert (ft)	6662.22		6662.72		6663.34		6664.10		6664.60	
Dn Invert (ft)	6662.00		6662.42		6662.92		6663.54		6664.30	
Max Q (cfs)	18.92		12.51		10.56		7.93		12.86	
Max Vel (ft/s)	6.30		5.45		3.44		4.49		14.34	
Max Depth (ft)	2.00		2.00		1.79		1.17		0.58	

PR Storm -01

Major Storm, Full Build, 100-yr Pond WSEL



Node ID:	PR INLET 01-02		PR INLET 01-03		PR INLET 01-04		PR INLET 01-05		PR INLET 01-06	
Rim (ft)	6667.02		6667.55		6667.51		6667.27		6668.19	
Invert (ft)	6662.22		6662.72		6663.34		6664.10		6664.60	
Min Pipe Cover (ft)	2.60		2.63		2.17		1.47		2.09	
Max HGL (ft)	6665.20		6667.02		6666.77		6667.27		6668.19	
Link ID:	PR PIPE 01-01		PR PIPE 01-02		PR PIPE 01-03		PR PIPE 01-04		PR PIPE 01-05	
Length (ft)	42.90		59.36		82.84		112.51		59.67	
Dia (in)	24.00		24.00		24.00		18.00		18.00	
Slope (ft/ft)	0.0051		0.0051		0.0051		0.0050		0.0050	
Up Invert (ft)	6662.22		6662.72		6663.34		6664.10		6664.60	
Dn Invert (ft)	6662.00		6662.42		6662.92		6663.54		6664.30	
Max Q (cfs)	20.37		15.92		9.75		7.65		7.47	
Max Vel (ft/s)	6.95		5.85		3.10		4.33		4.92	
Max Depth (ft)	2.00		2.00		2.00		1.50		1.50	

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Crossing Discharge Data

Discharge Selection Method: Specify Minimum, Design, and Maximum Flow

Minimum Flow: 5 cfs

Design Flow: 7.65 cfs

Maximum Flow: 27.25 cfs

Table 1 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: EX ARCH CMP

Headwater Elevation	Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert 1 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
6661.75	5.00	5.00	0.00	1
6662.15	7.65	7.65	0.00	1
6662.48	9.45	9.45	0.00	1
6663.14	11.68	11.68	0.00	1
6663.87	13.90	13.90	0.00	1
6664.37	16.13	15.01	1.00	24
6664.41	18.35	14.27	4.00	5
6664.43	20.58	13.45	7.03	4
6664.46	22.80	12.58	10.18	4
6664.48	25.03	11.63	13.24	3
6664.50	27.25	10.61	16.54	3
6664.35	15.26	15.26	0.00	Overtopping

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: EX ARCH CMP

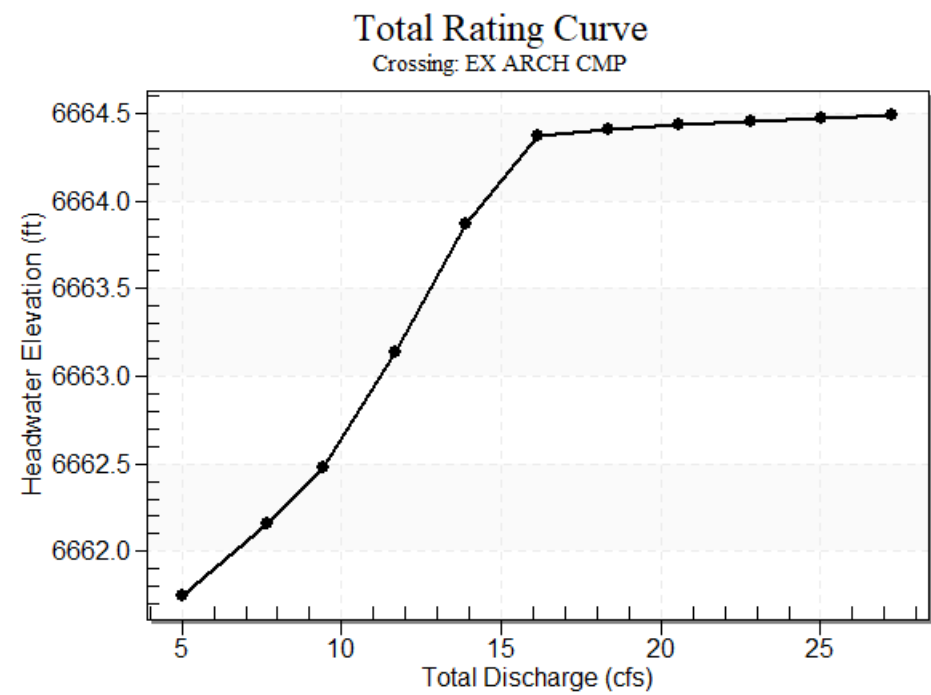
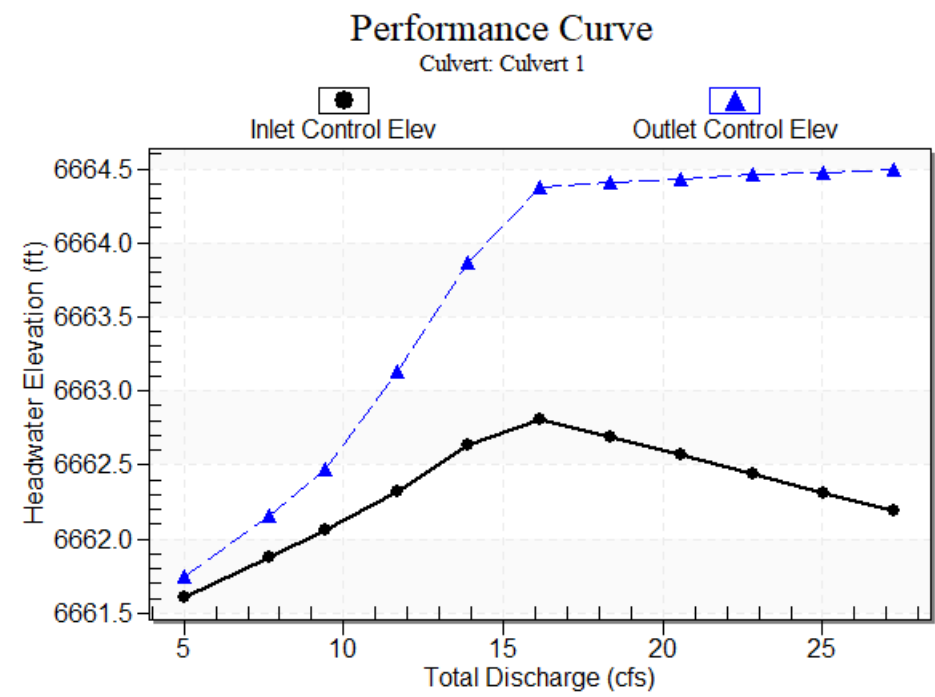


Table 2 - Culvert Summary Table: Culvert 1

Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
5.00	5.00	6661.74	0.976	1.121	3-M2	1.007	0.608	0.849	0.849	2.828	2.357
7.65	7.65	6662.14	1.244	1.525	3-M2	1.667	0.775	1.157	1.157	3.169	2.645
9.45	9.45	6662.48	1.429	1.846	3-M2	1.667	0.876	1.356	1.356	3.417	2.789
11.68	11.68	6663.14	1.691	2.506	7-M2	1.667	0.991	1.594	1.594	3.809	2.930
13.90	13.90	6663.87	2.002	3.236	4-FF	1.667	1.095	1.667	1.826	4.477	3.045
16.13	15.01	6664.37	2.177	3.744	4-FF	1.667	1.144	1.667	2.054	4.835	3.140
18.35	14.27	6664.47	2.058	3.778	4-FF	1.667	1.111	1.667	2.279	4.595	3.221
20.58	13.45	6664.47	1.935	3.804	4-FF	1.667	1.075	1.667	2.501	4.332	3.290
22.80	12.58	6664.46	1.811	3.827	4-FF	1.667	1.034	1.667	2.722	4.051	3.351
25.03	11.63	6664.48	1.685	3.846	4-FF	1.667	0.988	1.667	2.941	3.746	3.404
27.25	10.61	6664.50	1.559	3.866	4-FF	1.667	0.937	1.667	3.158	3.416	3.452

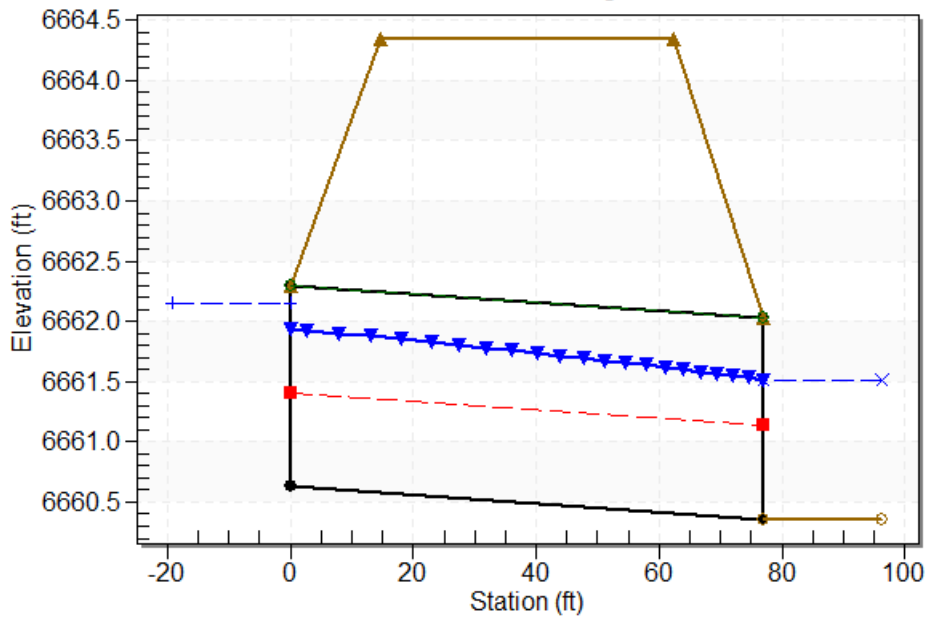
Culvert Performance Curve Plot: Culvert 1



Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert 1

Crossing - EX ARCH CMP, Design Discharge - 7.7 cfs

Culvert - Culvert 1, Culvert Discharge - 7.7 cfs



Site Data - Culvert 1

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 6660.63 ft

Outlet Station: 77.09 ft

Outlet Elevation: 6660.36 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Culvert 1

Barrel Shape: Pipe Arch

Barrel Span: 28.00 in

Barrel Rise: 20.00 in

Barrel Material: Steel or Aluminum

Embedment: 0.00 in

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0250

Culvert Type: Straight

Inlet Configuration: Mitered

Inlet Depression: None

Tailwater Channel Data - EX ARCH CMP

Tailwater Channel Option: Rectangular Channel

Bottom Width: 2.50 ft

Channel Slope: 0.0100

Channel Manning's n: 0.0400

Channel Invert Elevation: 6660.36 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: EX ARCH CMP

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 100.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 6664.35 ft

Roadway Surface: Paved

Roadway Top Width: 47.59 ft

HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

PR STORM 02

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Culvert 1

Crossing - PR STORM 02, Design Discharge
Culvert - Culvert 1, Culvert Discharge - 0.5 cfs

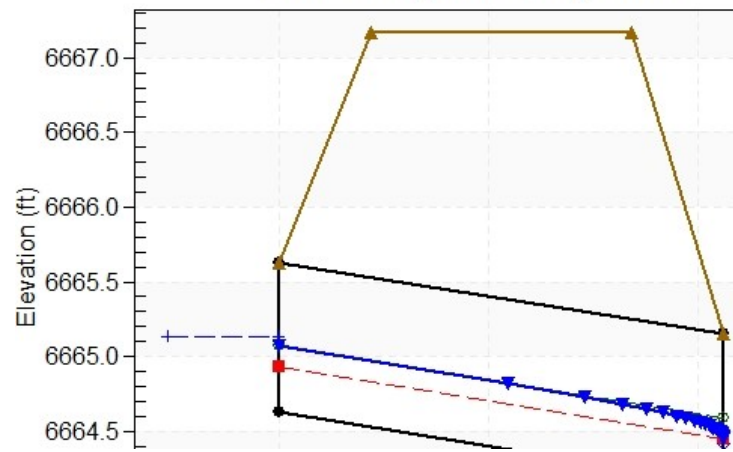
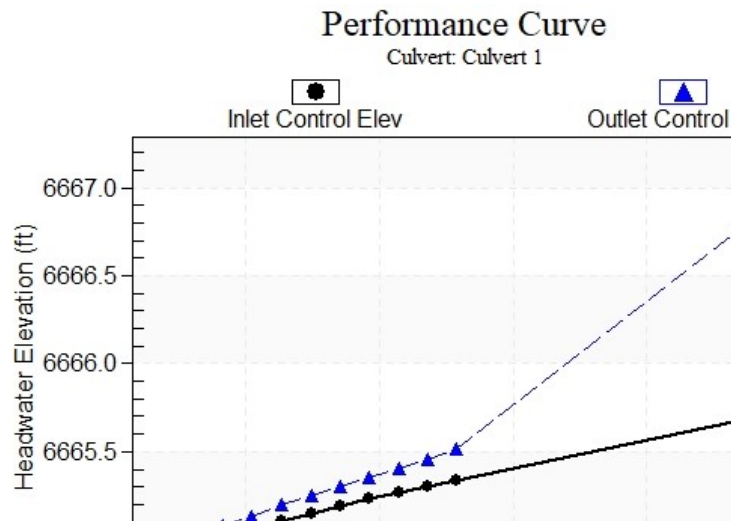


Table 1 - Culvert Summary Table: Culvert 1

Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)	***** *****
0.20	0.20	6664.93	0.260	0.304	2-M2c	0.265	0.183	0.183	0.124	2.027	0.806	*****
0.31	0.31	6665.01	0.326	0.381	2-M2c	0.332	0.229	0.229	0.163	2.280	0.946	*****
0.42	0.42	6665.08	0.381	0.447	2-M2c	0.390	0.267	0.267	0.198	2.478	1.055	*****
0.52	0.52	6665.13	0.428	0.503	2-M2c	0.440	0.299	0.299	0.228	2.635	1.140	*****
0.64	0.64	6665.20	0.477	0.565	2-M2c	0.494	0.332	0.332	0.260	2.792	1.223	*****
0.75	0.75	6665.25	0.520	0.620	2-M2c	0.543	0.360	0.360	0.288	2.924	1.292	*****
0.85	0.85	6665.30	0.562	0.674	2-M2c	0.592	0.387	0.387	0.316	3.045	1.352	*****
0.96	0.96	6665.35	0.602	0.724	2-M2c	0.641	0.412	0.412	0.342	3.159	1.408	*****
1.07	1.07	6665.41	0.639	0.776	2-M2c	0.692	0.435	0.435	0.367	3.266	1.459	*****
1.18	1.18	6665.46	0.675	0.829	2-M2c	0.748	0.458	0.458	0.392	3.367	1.505	*****
1.29	1.29	6665.51	0.709	0.883	2-M2c	0.814	0.480	0.480	0.416	3.464	1.549	*****

Straight Culvert
Inlet Elevation (invert): 6664.63 ft,
Outlet Elevation (invert): 6664.15 ft
Culvert Length: 106.40 ft,
Culvert Slope: 0.0045

Culvert Performance Curve Plot: Culvert 1



S

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 6664.63 ft

Outlet Station: 106.40 ft

Outlet Elevation: 6664.15 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Culvert 1

Barrel Shape: Circular

Barrel Diameter: 1.00 ft

Barrel Material: Corrugated PE

Embedment: 0.00 in

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0240

Culvert Type: Straight

Inlet Configuration: Mitered to Conform to Slope

Inlet Depression: None

Crossing Discharge Data

Discharge Selection Method: Specify Minimum, Design, and Maximum Flow

Minimum Flow: 0.2 cfs

Design Flow: 0.52 cfs

Maximum Flow: 1.29 cfs

Table 2 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: PR STORM 02

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert 1 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
6664.93	0.20	0.20	0.00	1
6665.01	0.31	0.31	0.00	1
6665.08	0.42	0.42	0.00	1
6665.13	0.52	0.52	0.00	1
6665.20	0.64	0.64	0.00	1
6665.25	0.75	0.75	0.00	1
6665.30	0.85	0.85	0.00	1
6665.35	0.96	0.96	0.00	1
6665.41	1.07	1.07	0.00	1
6665.46	1.18	1.18	0.00	1
6665.51	1.29	1.29	0.00	1
6667.17	2.60	2.60	0.00	Overtopping

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: PR STORM 02

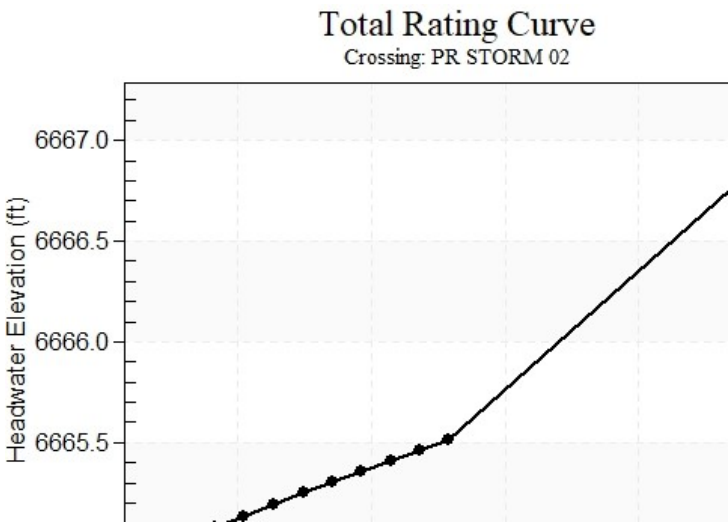


Table 3 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: PR STORM 02)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.20	6664.27	0.12	0.81	0.04	0.40
0.31	6664.31	0.16	0.95	0.05	0.41
0.42	6664.35	0.20	1.06	0.06	0.42
0.52	6664.38	0.23	1.14	0.07	0.42
0.64	6664.41	0.26	1.22	0.08	0.42
0.75	6664.44	0.29	1.29	0.09	0.42
0.85	6664.47	0.32	1.35	0.10	0.42
0.96	6664.49	0.34	1.41	0.11	0.42
1.07	6664.52	0.37	1.46	0.11	0.42
1.18	6664.54	0.39	1.51	0.12	0.42
1.29	6664.57	0.42	1.55	0.13	0.42

Tailwater Channel Data - PR STORM 02

Tailwater Channel Option: Rectangular Channel

Bottom Width: 2.00 ft

Channel Slope: 0.0050

Channel Manning's n: 0.0300

Channel Invert Elevation: 6664.15 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: PR STORM 02

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 100.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 6667.17 ft

Roadway Surface: Paved

Roadway Top Width: 62.00 ft

APPENDIX C

DETENTION/WATER QUALITY CALCULATIONS



CIVIL ENGINEERS | SURVEYORS

141 9th Street ~ P.O. Box 774943
Steamboat Springs, Colorado 80477
(970) 871-9494
www.LANDMARK-CO.com

PROJECT: Steamboat Base Camp Phase 1

DESIGNER: DCS

DATE: 7/26/2021

POND ID: EDB/Detention Pond

FAA Method Detention Estimate - Phase 1

Per section 5.11.7.2 of the City of Steamboat Springs Drainage Criteria

$$V_i = (CiA)(T_c)(60 \text{ sec/min}) \quad (5.11.1)$$

Where:

 V_i = inflow volume (ft³)

C = Rational Method runoff coefficient for the major or minor storm

A = watershed area draining to the detention pond (acres)

 T_c = Rational Method time of concentration (min)

i = design rainfall intensity (in/hr)

$$V_o = (\text{Allowable Release Rate})(T_c)(60 \text{ sec/min}) \quad (5.11.2)$$

Where:

 V_o = outflow volume (ft³) T_c = Rational Method time of concentration (min)

Allowable release rate shall be determined per this Section (cfs).

A (acres) = 3.34

<-- INPUT from impervious calcs

Tc (min) = 12.78

<-- INPUT from Tc calcs

Minor Storm (5-Year)

Use Minor Storm for Detention only pond (No WQ)

 C_5 = 0.35

<-- INPUT from impervious calcs

i (in/hr) = 3.86

<-- INPUT from runoff calcs

 V_i (ft³) = 3419 Q_{A5} = 1.33

<-- INPUT from historic runoff calcs

 V_o (ft³) = 1020 V_{req} (ft³) = 2399

Major Storm (100-Year)

 C_{100} = 0.64

<-- INPUT from impervious calcs

i (in/hr) = 8.42

<-- INPUT from runoff calcs

 V_i (ft³) = 13,776 Q_{A100} = 10.72

<-- INPUT from historic runoff calcs

 V_o (ft³) = 8,221 V_{req} (ft³) = 5554



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DESIGNER: DCS

DATE: 7/26/2021

POND ID: EDB/Detention Pond

FAA Method Detention Estimate - Future

Per section 5.11.7.2 of the City of Steamboat Springs Drainage Criteria

$$V_i = (CiA)(T_c)(60 \text{ sec/min}) \quad (5.11.1)$$

Where:

 V_i = inflow volume (ft³)

C = Rational Method runoff coefficient for the major or minor storm

A = watershed area draining to the detention pond (acres)

 T_c = Rational Method time of concentration (min)

i = design rainfall intensity (in/hr)

$$V_o = (\text{Allowable Release Rate})(T_c)(60 \text{ sec/min}) \quad (5.11.2)$$

Where:

 V_o = outflow volume (ft³) T_c = Rational Method time of concentration (min)

Allowable release rate shall be determined per this Section (cfs).

A (acres) = 3.34

<-- INPUT from impervious calcs

Tc (min) = 10.34

<-- INPUT from Tc calcs

Minor Storm (5-Year)

Use Minor Storm for Detention only pond (No WQ)

 C_5 = 0.73

<-- INPUT from impervious calcs

i (in/hr) = 3.86

<-- INPUT from runoff calcs

 V_i (ft³) = 5845 Q_{A5} = 1.33

<-- INPUT from historic runoff calcs

 V_o (ft³) = 825 V_{req} (ft³) = 5020

Major Storm (100-Year)

 C_{100} = 0.83

<-- INPUT from impervious calcs

i (in/hr) = 8.42

<-- INPUT from runoff calcs

 V_i (ft³) = 14,512 Q_{A100} = 10.72

<-- INPUT from historic runoff calcs

 V_o (ft³) = 6,656 V_{req} (ft³) = 7856



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PROJECT: Steamboat Base Camp Phase 1

DESIGNER: DCS

DATE: 4/16/2021

POND ID: EDB/Detention Pond

WQCV DESIGN CALCULATION - 40 HOUR DRAIN TIME

Extended Detention Basin - Phase 1

REQUIRED STORAGE:

BASIN AREA (AC) = 3.34 <-- INPUT from impervious calcs

BASIN IMPERVIOUSNESS PERCENT = 37% <-- INPUT from impervious calcs

BASIN IMPERVIOUSNESS RATIO = 0.3701 <-- CALCULATED

d6 (in) = 0.34 <-- INPUT depth of average runoff producing storm

WQCV (watershed inches) = 0.14 <-- CALCULATED from USDCM Vol.3, Equation 3-1

V (ft³) = 1,975 <-- CALCULATED from USDCM Vol.3, Equation B-1

FOREBAY:

100-YEAR PEAK DISCHARGE (cfs) = 11.77 <-- INPUT from runoff calcs

RELEASE RATE (cfs) = 0.24 <-- CALCULATED from MHFD Vol. 3, Table EDB-4

MIN VOLUME (ft3) = 39 <-- CALCULATED from MHFD Vol. 3, Table EDB-4

TRICKLE CHANNEL

CAPACITY (cfs) = 0.24 <-- INPUT forebay release rate

INITIAL SURCHARGE VOLUME

MIN VOLUME (ft3) = 5.92 <-- CALCULATED from MHFD Vol. 3, Table EDB-4



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DESIGNER: DCS

DATE: 4/16/2021

POND ID: EDB/Detention Pond

WQCV DESIGN CALCULATION - 40 HOUR DRAIN TIME

Extended Detention Basin - Future

REQUIRED STORAGE:

BASIN AREA (AC) = 3.34 <-- INPUT from impervious calcs

BASIN IMPERVIOUSNESS PERCENT = 85% <-- INPUT from impervious calcs

BASIN IMPERVIOUSNESS RATIO = 0.8500 <-- CALCULATED

d6 (in) = 0.34 <-- INPUT depth of average runoff producing storm

WQCV (watershed inches) = 0.29 <-- CALCULATED from USDCM Vol.3, Equation 3-1

V (ft³) = 4,161 <-- CALCULATED from USDCM Vol.3, Equation B-1

FOREBAY:

100-YEAR PEAK DISCHARGE (cfs) = 17.28 <-- INPUT from runoff calcs

RELEASE RATE (cfs) = 0.35 <-- CALCULATED from MHFD Vol. 3, Table EDB-4

MIN VOLUME (ft3) = 83 <-- CALCULATED from MHFD Vol. 3, Table EDB-4

TRICKLE CHANNEL

CAPACITY (cfs) = 0.35 <-- INPUT forebay release rate

INITIAL SURCHARGE VOLUME

MIN VOLUME (ft3) = 12.48 <-- CALCULATED from MHFD Vol. 3, Table EDB-4



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DESIGNER: DCS

DATE: 7/26/2021

POND ID: EDB/Detention Pond

POND VOLUME PROVIDED - Phase 1

$$V = \frac{D * (A_1 + A_2 + \sqrt{A_1 * A_2})}{3}$$

D = Depth between contours (ft.)

A₁ = Surface Area lower contour (ft²)

A₂ = Surface Area upper contour (ft²)

Elevation	Surface Area	Incremental Depth	Incremental Vol.	Total Vol.	Total Vol.	Stage
(ft)	(ft ²)	(ft)	(ft ³)	(ft ³)	(ac-ft)	
6662.10	25	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	
6663.00	1627	0.10	154	697.4	0.02	
6663.50	2125	0.10	208	1637.0	0.04	
6663.60	2221	0.10	217	1854.3	0.04	
6663.70	2321	0.10	227	2081.4	0.05	
6663.80	2426	0.10	237	2318.7	0.05	
6663.90	2538	0.10	248	2566.9	0.06	WQCV
6664.00	2661	0.10	260	2826.8	0.06	
6664.10	2800	0.10	273	3099.8	0.07	5-Year Detention
6664.20	2918	0.10	286	3385.6	0.08	
6664.30	3034	0.10	298	3683.2	0.08	
6664.40	3151	0.10	309	3992.5	0.09	
6664.50	3270	0.10	321	4313.5	0.10	
6664.60	3392	0.10	333	4646.6	0.11	
6664.70	3515	0.10	345	4992.0	0.11	
6664.80	3641	0.10	358	5349.7	0.12	
6664.90	3765	0.10	370	5720.0	0.13	
6665.00	3889	0.10	383	6102.7	0.14	
6665.10	4013	0.10	395	6497.8	0.15	
6665.20	4139	0.10	408	6905.4	0.16	100-Year Detention
6665.30	4265	0.10	420	7325.6	0.17	
6665.40	4392	0.10	433	7758.4	0.18	
6665.50	4518	0.10	445	8203.8	0.19	
6665.60	4644	0.10	458	8661.9	0.20	
6665.70	4774	0.10	471	9132.8	0.21	
6665.80	4905	0.10	484	9616.7	0.22	
6665.90	5040	0.10	497	10114.0	0.23	
6666.00	5181	0.10	511	10625.1	0.24	
6666.50	4982	0.10	540	13361.8	0.31	
6666.60	5096	0.10	504	13865.7	0.32	
6666.70	5210	0.10	515	14381.0	0.33	
6666.80	5324	0.10	527	14907.7	0.34	
6666.90	5439	0.10	538	15445.9	0.35	



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PROJECT: Steamboat Base Camp Phase 1

DESIGNER: DCS

DATE: 7/26/2021

POND ID: EDB/Detention Pond

POND VOLUME PROVIDED - Future

$$V = \frac{D * (A_1 + A_2 + \sqrt{A_1 * A_2})}{3}$$

D = Depth between contours (ft.)

A₁ = Surface Area lower contour (ft²)

A₂ = Surface Area upper contour (ft²)

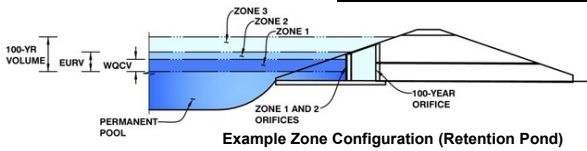
Elevation	Surface Area	Incremental Depth	Incremental Vol.	Total Vol.	Total Vol.	Stage
(ft)	(ft ²)	(ft)	(ft ³)	(ft ³)	(ac-ft)	
6662.10	5	0.00	0	0.0	0.00	
6663.00	1625	0.10	83	168.7	0.00	
6663.10	1702	0.10	166	335.0	0.01	
6663.20	1780	0.10	174	509.1	0.01	
6663.30	1860	0.10	182	691.1	0.02	
6663.40	1940	0.10	190	881.0	0.02	
6663.50	2022	0.10	198	1079.1	0.02	
6663.60	2104	0.10	206	1285.4	0.03	
6663.70	2188	0.10	215	1499.9	0.03	
6663.80	2272	0.10	223	1722.9	0.04	
6663.90	2358	0.10	231	1954.4	0.04	
6664.00	2444	0.10	240	2194.5	0.05	
6664.10	2535	0.10	249	2443.4	0.06	
6664.20	2625	0.10	258	2701.4	0.06	
6664.30	2717	0.10	267	2968.5	0.07	
6664.40	2810	0.10	276	3244.9	0.07	
6664.50	2903	0.10	286	3530.5	0.08	
6664.60	2997	0.10	295	3825.4	0.09	
6664.70	3092	0.10	304	4129.9	0.09	WQCV
6664.80	3187	0.10	314	4443.8	0.10	
6664.90	3284	0.10	324	4767.3	0.11	
6665.00	3381	0.10	333	5100.5	0.12	5-Year Detention
6665.10	3482	0.10	343	5443.7	0.12	
6665.20	3585	0.10	353	5797.0	0.13	
6665.30	3687	0.10	364	6160.6	0.14	
6665.40	3790	0.10	374	6534.4	0.15	
6665.50	3894	0.10	384	6918.6	0.16	
6665.60	3997	0.10	395	7313.1	0.17	
6665.70	4102	0.10	405	7718.1	0.18	100-Year Detention
6665.80	4207	0.10	415	8133.5	0.19	
6665.90	4312	0.10	426	8559.4	0.20	
6666.00	4417	0.10	436	8995.9	0.21	
6666.50	4982	0.10	493	11345.5	0.26	
6666.90	5439	0.10	538	13429.6	0.31	

DETENTION BASIN OUTLET STRUCTURE DESIGN

MHFD-Detention, Version 4.00 (December 2019)

Project: Base Camp

Basin ID: EDB



Example Zone Configuration (Retention Pond)

	Estimated Stage (ft)	Estimated Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type
Zone 1 (WQCV)	1.80	0.045	Orifice Plate
Zone 2 (5-year)	2.48	0.041	Circular Orifice
Zone 3 (100-year)	3.59	0.090	Weir&Pipe (Circular)
Total (all zones)		0.176	

User Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically used to drain WQCV in a Filtration BMP)

Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth = N/A ft (distance below the filtration media surface)
Underdrain Orifice Diameter = N/A inches

Calculated Parameters for Underdrain

Underdrain Orifice Area = N/A ft²
Underdrain Orifice Centroid = N/A feet

User Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices or Elliptical Slot Weir (typically used to drain WQCV and/or EURV in a sedimentation BMP)

Invert of Lowest Orifice = 0.00 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate = 1.80 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing = 7.20 inches
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row = 0.19 sq. inches (diameter = 1/2 inch)

Calculated Parameters for Plate

WQ Orifice Area per Row = 1.319E-03 ft²
Elliptical Half-Width = N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Centroid = N/A feet
Elliptical Slot Area = N/A ft²

User Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice Row (numbered from lowest to highest)

	Row 1 (required)	Row 2 (optional)	Row 3 (optional)	Row 4 (optional)	Row 5 (optional)	Row 6 (optional)	Row 7 (optional)	Row 8 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	0.00	0.60	1.20					
Orifice Area (sq. inches)	0.19	0.19	0.19					

	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)								
Orifice Area (sq. inches)								

User Input: Vertical Orifice (Circular or Rectangular)

Invert of Vertical Orifice = 1.80 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice = 2.48 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Vertical Orifice Diameter = 0.50 inches

Calculated Parameters for Vertical Orifice

Vertical Orifice Area = 0.00 ft²
Vertical Orifice Centroid = 0.02 feet

User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox with Flat or Sloped Grate and Outlet Pipe OR Rectangular/Trapezoidal Weir (and No Outlet Pipe))

Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, H_o = 2.90 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length = 3.92 feet
Overflow Weir Grate Slope = 4.00 H:V
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = 2.92 feet
Overflow Grate Open Area % = N/A %
Debris Clogging % = N/A %

Calculated Parameters for Overflow Weir

Height of Grate Upper Edge, H_u = N/A feet
Overflow Weir Slope Length = 3.01 feet
Grate Open Area / 100-yr Orifice Area = N/A
Overflow Grate Open Area w/o Debris = N/A ft²
Overflow Grate Open Area w/ Debris = N/A ft²

User Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (Circular Orifice, Restrictor Plate, or Rectangular Orifice)

Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = 0.80 ft (distance below basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Circular Orifice Diameter = 18.00 inches

Calculated Parameters for Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate

Outlet Orifice Area = 1.77 ft²
Outlet Orifice Centroid = 0.75 feet
Half-Central Angle of Restrictor Plate on Pipe = N/A radians

User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectangular or Trapezoidal)

Spillway Invert Stage = 4.80 ft (relative to basin bottom at Stage = 0 ft)
Spillway Crest Length = 2.00 feet
Spillway End Slopes = 4.00 H:V
Freeboard above Max Water Surface = 1.00 feet

Calculated Parameters for Spillway

Spillway Design Flow Depth = 0.57 feet
Stage at Top of Freeboard = 6.37 feet
Basin Area at Top of Freeboard = 0.12 acres
Basin Volume at Top of Freeboard = 0.31 acre-ft

Routed Hydrograph Results

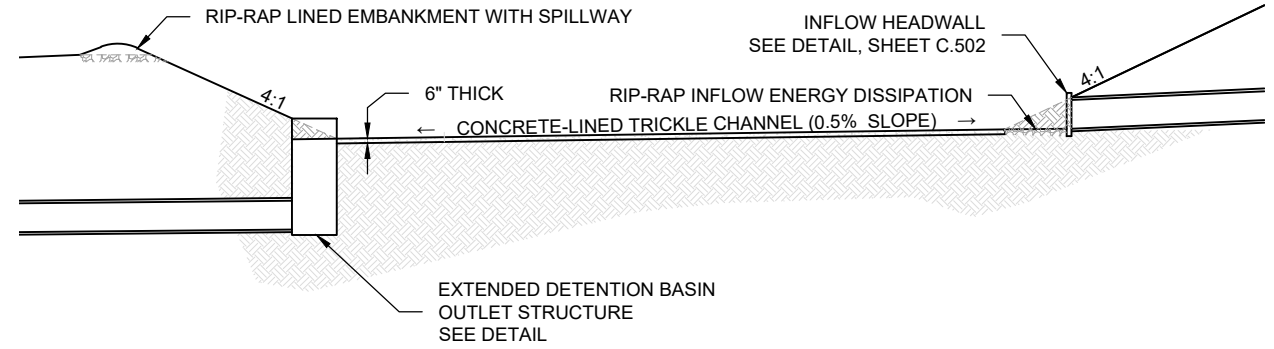
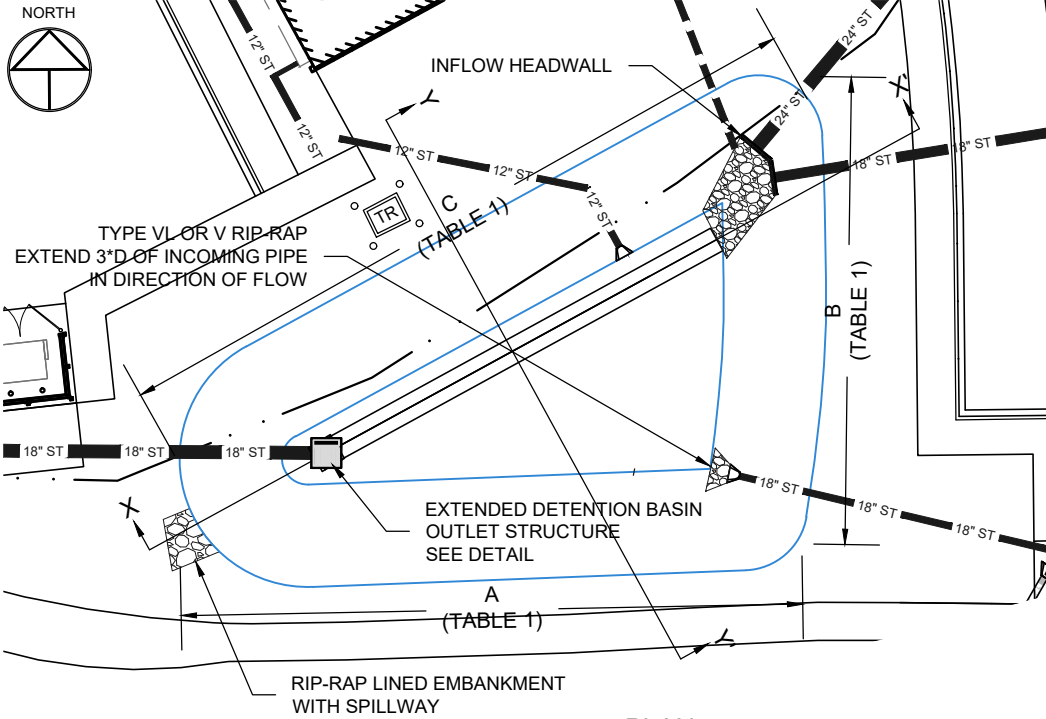
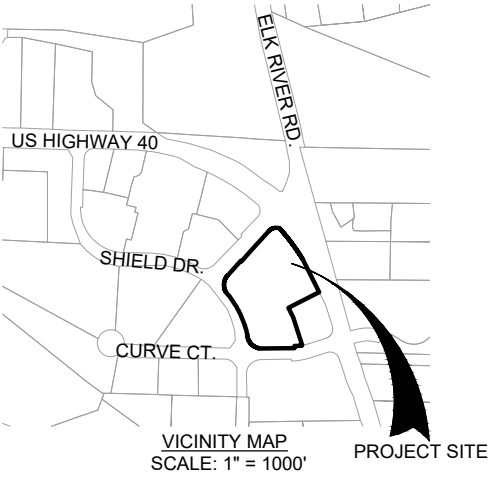
The user can override the default CUHP hydrographs and runoff volumes by entering new values in the Inflow Hydrographs table (Columns W through AF).

	WQCV	EURV	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Year	100 Year	500 Year
Design Storm Return Period =	N/A	1.07	0.55	0.82	1.04	1.34	1.57	1.79	2.31
One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	N/A	0.114	0.037	0.069	0.099	0.186	0.245	0.315	0.456
CUHP Runoff Volume (acre-ft) =	0.045	0.114	0.037	0.069	0.099	0.186	0.245	0.315	0.456
Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.4	2.1	2.9	4.6
OPTIONAL Override Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs/acre) =	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.42	0.64	0.88	1.38
Peak Inflow Q (cfs) =	0.6	1.6	0.5	1.0	1.4	3.0	3.9	5.0	7.3
Peak Outflow Q (cfs) =	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Ratio Peak Outflow to Predevelopment Q =	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.8	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Structure Controlling Flow =	Plate	Vertical Orifice 1	Plate	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	Vertical Orifice 1	N/A
Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) =	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	39	65	34	49	60	84	98	113	>120
Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	41	68	36	52	63	89	104	>120	>120
Maximum Ponding Depth (ft) =	1.74	2.78	1.59	2.14	2.59	3.62	4.19	4.78	4.80
Area at Maximum Ponding Depth (acres) =	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.12
Maximum Volume Stored (acre-ft) =	0.042	0.107	0.034	0.064	0.094	0.178	0.236	0.306	0.309

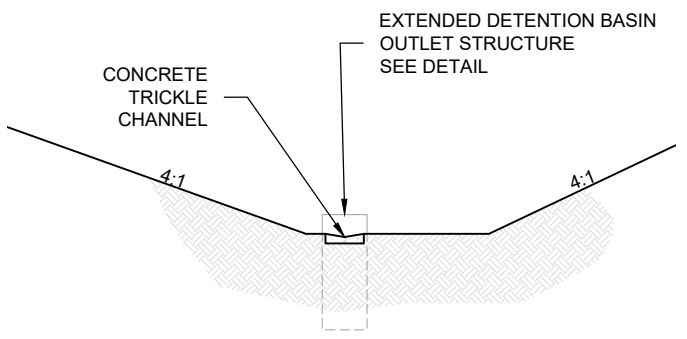
APPENDIX D

PERMANANT STORMWATER TREATMENT FACILITY MAINTENANCE PLAN

STEAMBOAT BASECAMP
OWNERSHIP AND MAINTENANCE PLAN
FOR
EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN



SECTION X-X'

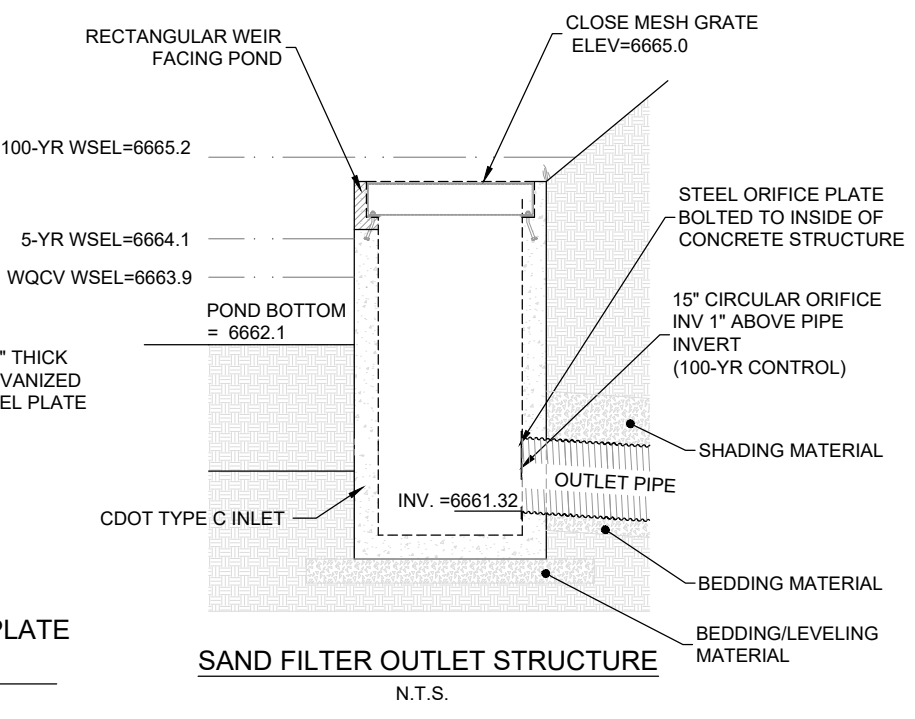
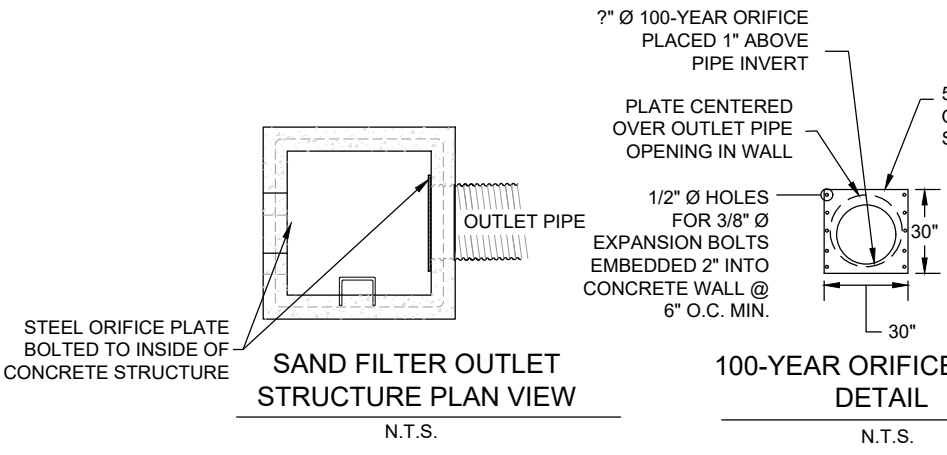


SECTION Y-Y'

- NOTES:
- FOR ADDITIONAL DESIGN INFORMATION REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR THIS PROJECT.
 - DISTURBANCE OF WETLAND AREAS SHALL BE AVOIDED DURING MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS.
 - SEE DETAILED NOTES ON THE SECOND SHEET OF THIS PLAN FOR ALL MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS.

TABLE 1: POND DIMENSIONS	
DIM A (ft)	97
DIM B (ft)	73
DIM C (ft)	113

PLAN
SCALE: 1" = 30'



PROJECT:	2387-004	NO.	DATE:	BY:	DESCRIPTION:
DATE:	7/27/2021				
DRAWN BY:	DCS				
CHECKED BY:	LCI				

These drawings are instruments of service provided by Landmark Consultants, Inc. and are not to be used for any type of construction or contracting unless signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer in the employ of Landmark Consultants, Inc.



CIVIL ENGINEERS | SURVEYORS

141 9th Street ~ P.O. Box 774943
Steamboat Springs, Colorado 80477
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Steamboat Basecamp
Ownership & Maintenance Plan
Extended Detention Basin

SHEET
1
Of 2 Sheets

DRAWING FILENAME: P:\2387-004\Engineering\Drawings\Reports\O&M\2387-004 O&M EDB.dwg LAYOUT NAME: O&M PLAN DATE: Jul 27, 2021 - 1:42pm CAD OPERATOR: patrick
LIST OF XREFS: [####-###-xORDER-1x17] [xVICMAP] [2387-004-xExist] [2387-004-xSite-Ph1] [2387-004-xUtil-Ph1]

DRAWING FILENAME: P:\2387-004\Engineering\Drainage\Reports\O&M\2387-004 O&M EDB.dwg LAYOUT NAME: O&M NOTES DATE: Jul 27, 2021 - 1:42pm CAD OPERATOR: patrick LIST OF XREFS: [####-###-xBORDER-1x17] [x\VICMAP] [2387-004-x\Site-Ph1] [2387-004-x\Util-Ph1]

OWNERSHIP AND MAINTENANCE PLAN FOR STEAMBOAT BASECAMP EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN

1. GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. STEAMBOAT BASECAMP. LOT 1, WORLDWEST SUBDIVISION
- B. RECEIVING WATER: ROADSIDE DITCH ON CURVE COURT. ULTIMATE OUTFALL YAMPA RIVER.
- PROPERTY OWNER: MAY RIEGLER PROPERTIES
2201 WISCONSIN AVE NW
SUITE 200
WASHINGTON DC 20007
gaby@mayriegler.com
- C. AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE: SAME AS OWNER
- D. DESIGN ENGINEER: LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC.
141 9TH STREET
STEAMBOAT SPRINGS, CO 80487
970-871-9494
ATTN: ERIK GRIEPENTROG, P.E.
ERIKG@LANDMARK-CO.COM

2. GENERAL FACILITY DESCRIPTION

THIS FACILITY IS AN EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN THAT WILL RELEASE THE WATER QUALITY CAPTURE VOLUME OVER 40-HOURS. THE FACILITY HAS BEEN ADOPTED AND APPROVED BY THE MAY RIEGLER PROPERTIES AS A PART OF THE STEAMBOAT BASECAMP PROJECT. IT WILL RECEIVE RUNOFF FROM 3.17-ACRES AND WILL OCCUPY A PARCEL OF 0.12-ACRES THAT WILL BE USED TO TREAT RUNOFF VIA SETTLING AND PROVIDE ACCESS FOR MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES.

3. INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE FREQUENCY & PROCEDURE

- A. MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL OCCUR ACCORDING TO TABLE 3:

TABLE 3: MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY/FREQUENCY	
ACTIVITY	REQUIRED FREQUENCY
LAWN MOWING AND LAWN CARE	ROUTINE - DEPENDING ON AESTHETIC REQUIREMENTS
DEBRIS AND LITTER REMOVAL	ROUTINE - TWICE ANNUALLY UPON INSPECTION AND AS NEEDED FOLLOWING SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL EVENTS
SEDIMENT REMOVAL FROM FOREBAY AND MICROPOOL	ROUTINE - ONCE ANNUALLY AFTER COMPLETION OF SNOWMELT FROM CONTRIBUTING BASIN
NUISANCE CONTROL	NON-ROUTINE - HANDLE AS NECESSARY PER INSPECTION OR LOCAL COMPLAINTS
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	NON-ROUTINE - PERIODIC REPAIR AS NECESSARY BASIN ON INSPECTION
STRUCTURAL	NON-ROUTINEREPAIR AS NEEDED BASED ON INSPECTIONS
INSPECTIONS	ROUTINE - TWO TIMES ANNUALLY, ONCE AFTER COMPLETION OF SNOWMELT AND ONCE AFTER SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL EVENT
SEDIMENT REMOVAL	NON ROUTINE - PERFORMED WHEN SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION OCCUPIES 20% OF WQCV (1,091-CF OR 1.4-FT DEEP). THIS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY, BUT EXPECT TO DO THIS EVERY 15 TO 20 YEARS

- B. REVISIONS TO MAINTENANCE FREQUENCY:

DATES/REASONS FOR CHANGES:

- C. TRAFFIC CONTROL: N/A
- D. THE FACILITY DOES NOT REQUIRE CONFINED SPACE ENTRY PROCEDURES.
- E. DEWATERING AND WATER CONTROL: DEWATERING OF THE MICRO-POOL BY PUMPING ONTO THE EDB'S BOTTOM GRASSES WILL BE NEEDED TO REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT FROM THE MICRO-POOL'S BOTTOM.
- F. DEBRIS, & TRASH REMOVAL & DISPOSAL
REMOVAL SHALL BE CONDUCTED IF THERE IS PRESENCE OF TRASH OR DEBRIS AT INSPECTION. SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS SHALL BE REMOVED MANUALLY USING A SHOVEL OR RAKE AND DISPOSED OF AT A LICENSED FACILITY. THE LONGEST DISTANCE BETWEEN THE EDGE OF AN ACCESS ROAD AND THE FAR CORNER OF A STRUCTURE REQUIRING SEDIMENT REMOVAL IS 35 FEET.
- G. VEGETATION MANAGEMENT
SEE SECTION 4 OF THE NOTES ON THIS SHEET
- H. WETLAND AREAS: NA.
- I. DESCRIBE ADDITIONAL REQUIRED MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES AND FREQUENCIES - N/A
- J. MATERIALS TESTING OF SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM SITE IS NOT REQUIRED.
- K. ALL MAINTENANCE MATERIALS AND TOOLS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE FOLLOWING MAINTENANCE COMPLETION.

3. EQUIPMENT, STAFFING, AND VEGETATION MANAGEMENT

- A. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED: SHOVEL, RAKE, BACKHOE, CAMERA, DATA LOG / INSPECTION REPORT
- B. STAFFING: ONE PERSON WHO IS QUALIFIED TO RUN THE REQUIRED EQUIPMENT IS REQUIRED FOR MAINTENANCE.
- C. SEED: SEED MIXES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- D. MOWING: MOWING MAY BE REQUIRED DEPENDING ON THE TYPE OF PLANTINGS. IF GRASS IS STARTED FROM SEED, ALLOW TIME FOR GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASS PRIOR TO MOWING. IF MOWING IS REQUIRED DURING THIS PERIOD FOR WEED CONTROL, IT SHOULD BE ACCOMPLISHED WITH HAND-HELD STRING TRIMMERS TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE TO THE SEEDBED. AFTER ESTABLISHED, MOW AS DESIRED OR AS NEEDED FOR WEED CONTROL. MOWING OF NATIVE/DROUGHT TOLERANT GRASSES MAY STOP OR BE REDUCED TO MAINTAIN A LENGTH OF NO LESS THAN 6 INCHES.
- E. WEEDS & UNDESIRABLE VEGETATION: MAINTAIN HEALTHY, WEED FREE VEGETATION. WEEDS SHOULD BE REMOVED BY HAND TOOLS, MOWING, WEED WHACKING OR OTHER MEANS AS APPROPRIATE BEFORE THEY FLOWER. THE FREQUENCY OF WEEDING WILL DEPEND ON THE PLANTING SCHEME AND COVER.

4. SNOW AND ICE CONTROL

FACILITY IS LOCATED WITHIN A SNOW STORAGE AREA. FACILITY SHALL BE INSPECTED AFTER SNOWMELT AND DEBRIS AND LITTER REMOVED.

5. RIGHT-OF-WAY, ADJACENT OWNERSHIP, & ACCESS

- A. RIGHT-OF-WAY DESCRIPTION: CURVE COURT, ROW VARIES. SHIELD DRIVE, ROW VARIES.
- B. ADJACENT OWNERSHIP: NA
- C. ACCESS INFORMATION AND DETAILS: MAINTENANCE ACCESS TO THE FACILITY IS VIA THE DRIVEWAY OFF OF SHIELD DRIVE. PROCEED TO THE SOUTH SIDE OF THE MAIN PARKING AREA.
- D. MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS WILL NOT IMPACT OR OBSTRUCT RIGHT-OF-WAY AND A RIGHT-OF-WAY PERMIT IS NOT REQUIRED.

7. HYDRAULIC DESIGN

A.	FLOW RATES (CFS):	<u>INFLOW</u>	<u>OUTFLOW</u>		
	BASE FLOW:	0 CFS	0 CFS		
	WQ EVENT:	NA	NA		
	5-YEAR:	10.26 CFS	0.31 CFS		
	100-YEAR:	31.01 CFS	7.90 CFS		
B.	VOLUMES, DEPTHS, & WSELS:				
	<u>ITEM</u>	<u>VOLUME</u>	<u>WSEL</u>	<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>INVERT</u>
	EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN	213,429.6	CF	4.8'	6662.1
	WQCV	1,907 CF	6663.9	1.8'	
	5-YEAR	1,918 CF	6663.9	1.8'	
	100-YEAR	2,675 CF	6664.2	2.1'	
C.	WQCV DRAIN TIME = 40 HOURS				

8. SENSITIVE AREAS, WETLANDS, & PERMITS

THE SITE INCLUDES 0.24-ACRES OF WETLANDS LOCATED NORTH OF THE DEVELOPMENT. MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES WILL NOT IMPACT THE WETLANDS.

8. MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

- A. PROJECT SURVEY:
TOPOGRAPHIC AND EXISTING CONDITIONS PER LANDMARK GROUND SURVEY 10-30-2020. SOME OFFSITE AND ADJACENT PROPERTY INFROMATION WAS DIGITIZED FROM AERIAL IMAGERY. LANDMARK IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE EXISTING CONDITIONS AND/OR PROPERTY INFORMATION INCLUDING EASEMENTS AND ENCUMBRANCES AND THE OWNER ASSUMES ALL RISK WITH COMPLYING WITH THE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PROJECT.
- PROJECT BENCHMARKS IS RECOVERED NO. 5 REBAR W/ 1 ½" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED LANDMARK LS 29039, ELEV=6667.80 NAVD 88. THE COORDINATE SYSTEM IS COLORADO COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH ZONE, NAD83 (2011), NAVD88, COMBINED SCALE FACTOR: (N)1415866.11

PROJECT: 2387-004	NO.	DATE:	BY:	DESCRIPTION:	These drawings are instruments of service provided by Landmark Consultants, Inc. and are not to be used for any type of construction or contracting unless signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer in the employ of Landmark Consultants, Inc.		CIVIL ENGINEERS SURVEYORS	Steamboat Basecamp Ownership & Maintenance Plan Bioretention Pond East	SHEET
DATE: 7/27/2021									
DRAWN BY: DCS							141 9th Street ~ P.O. Box 774943 Steamboat Springs, Colorado 80477 (970) 871-9494 www.LANDMARK-CO.com		
CHECKED BY: LCI									

2

Of 2 Sheets

APPENDIX E

CITY CHECKLISTS

CITY OF STEAMBOAT SPRINGS ENGINEERING STANDARDS

Standard Form No. 3 Final Drainage Study Checklist

Instructions:

1. The applicant shall identify with a “check mark” if information is provided with letter. If applicant believes information is not required, indicate with “N/A” and attach separate sheet with explanation.
2. The reviewer will determine if information labeled “N/A” is required and whether additional information must be submitted.

I. General

- ☒ A. Report typed and legible in 8½” x 11” format.
- ☒ B. Report bound (comb, spiral, or staple – no notebook).
- ☒ C. Drawings that are 8½ x 11 or 11 x 17 bound within report, larger drawings (up to 24 x 36) included in a pocket attached to the report. Drawings shall be at an appropriate size and scale to be legible and include project area.

II. Cover

- ☒ A. Report Type – Final Drainage Study.
- ☒ B. Project Name, Subdivision, Original Date, Revision Date.
- ☒ C. Preparer’s name, firm, address, phone number.
- ☒ D. “DRAFT” for 1st submittal and revisions; “FINAL” once approved.

III. Title Sheet

- ☒ A. Table of Contents.
- ☒ B. Certification, PE Stamp, signature, and date from licensed Colorado PE.
- ☒ C. Note: City of Steamboat Springs plan review and approval is only for general conformance with City design criteria and the City code. The City is not responsible for the accuracy and adequacy of the design, dimensions, and elevations that shall be confirmed and correlated at the job site. The City of Steamboat Springs assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of this document.

IV. Introduction

- ☒ A. Description of site location, size in acres, existing and proposed land use, and any pertinent background info.
- ☒ B. Reference planning application type and plan set date and preparer.
- ☒ C. Identify drainage reports for adjacent development.

V. Drainage Criteria and Methodology Used

- ☒ A. Identify design rainfall and storm frequency.
- ☒ B. Identify the runoff calculation method used.
- ☒ C. Identify culvert and storm sewer design methodology.
- ☒ D. Identify detention discharge and storage methodology.
- ☐ NA E. Discuss HEC-HMS methodologies and parameters, if HEC-HMS is used.

CITY OF STEAMBOAT SPRINGS ENGINEERING STANDARDS

VI. Existing Conditions (Pre-Development/Historic)

- ☒ A. Indicate ground cover, imperviousness, topography, and size of site (acres).
- ☒ B. Describe existing stormwater system (sizes, materials, etc.).
- ☒ C. Describe other notable features (canals, major utilities, etc.).
- ☒ D. Note site outfall locations and ultimate outfall location (typically Yampa River).
- ☒ E. Note capacity of existing system and identify any constraints.
- ☒ F. Identify NRCS soil type.
- ☒ G. Discuss any existing easements.
- ☒ H. Identify the FEMA Map reviewed, if site is in floodplain/way, and zone designation.

VII. Proposed Conditions

- ☒ A. Indicate ground cover, imperviousness, topography, and disturbed area (acres).
- ☒ B. Describe proposed stormwater system (sizes, materials, etc.).
- ☒ C. Describe proposed outlets and indicate historic and proposed flow for each.
- ☒ D. Include calculations for all culverts, ditches, ponds, etc. in appendix.
- ☒ E. Include a summary table for the 5- and 100-year events showing historic flow and proposed flow for total site and each basin.
- ☒ F. Discuss proposed easements.
- ☒ G. Describe off-site flows to be passed thru site.
- ☒ H. Summarize any impacts to downstream properties or indicate none. Reference CLOMR/LOMR and impacts.
- I. Detention Ponds.
 - ☒ 1. Indicate pond volume and area (size and depth) requirement.
 - ☒ 2. Indicate release rates.
 - ☒ 3. Discuss outfall design, location, and overflow location.
 - ☒ 4. Discuss maintenance requirements.
- J. Curb and Gutter
 - ☒ 1. Indicate gutter capacity.
 - ☒ 2. Indicate curb capacity.
 - ☒ 3. Indicate design velocity
 - ☒ 4. Indicate design depth of flow in street.
- K. Culverts
 - ☒ 1. Indicate whether each culvert is under inlet or outlet control.
 - ☒ 2. Show that headwater is less than the maximum allowable.
 - ☒ 3. Indicate design velocity.
 - ☒ 4. Indicate required and provided flow rates.
 - ☒ 5. Discuss whether outlet protection is required and what will be used.
- L. Inlets
 - ☒ 1. Indicate inlet capacity.
 - ☒ 2. Indicate the type of inlet(s) used.
- M. Channels
 - ☒ 1. Indicate design velocity (and type of dissipation if required).
 - ☒ 2. Indicate required and provided flow capacity.
 - ☒ 3. Show critical cross-section(s) including water surface.
- N. Site Discharge
 - ☒ 1. Discuss use and design of detention to ensure discharge is less than or equal to historic flow.
 - ☒ 2. Provide documentation that downstream facilities are adequate and no adverse impacts to downstream property owners (i.e. no rise certification)

CITY OF STEAMBOAT SPRINGS ENGINEERING STANDARDS

VIII. Post Construction Stormwater Management

- ☒ A. Discuss in general terms which permanent BMP practices will be used to control pollutant and sediment discharge after construction is complete. Exhibit A, Storm Water Quality Plan shall be attached that will give details (see separate checklist)

IX. Conclusions

- ☒ A. Provide general summary.
- ☒ B. Note if site complies with criteria and any variances to criteria.
- ☒ C. Indicate if peak proposed flow is less than, equal to, or greater than peak historic flow for each outfall, design point, and for the total site.
- ☒ D. List proposed new stormwater system requirements.

X. References

- ☒ A. Provide a reference list of all criteria, master plans, drainage reports and technical information used.

XI. Tables

- ☒ A. Include a copy of all tables prepared for the study.

XII. Figures

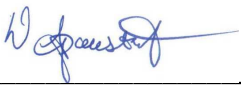
- ☒ A. Vicinity Map.
- ☒ B. Site Plan (include the horizontal and vertical datum used and all benchmarks).
- C. Existing conditions.
 - ☒ 1. Delineate existing basin boundaries.
 - ☒ 2. Delineate offsite basins impacting the site.
 - ☒ 3. Show existing and proposed topography at an interval of at least 2-ft.
 - ☒ 4. Show existing runoff flow arrows.
 - ☒ 5. Show existing stormwater features (structures, sizes, materials, etc.).
 - N/A 6. Show floodplain limits and information.
 - ☒ 7. For each basin show bubble with basin number, acreage and % impervious.
 - ☒ 8. For each outlet show bubble with acreage and historic flow and proposed flow or provide information in summary table on figure.
- D. Proposed Conditions
 - ☒ 1. Delineate proposed basin boundaries.
 - ☒ 2. Show proposed runoff flow arrows.
 - ☒ 3. Show existing and proposed topography at an interval of at least 2-ft.
 - ☒ 4. For each basin show bubble with basin number, acreage and percent impervious or provide a summary table or figure.
 - ☒ 5. For each outlet show bubble with acreage, historic flow, and proposed flow or provide a summary table or figure.
 - N/A 6. Show floodplain limits and information.
 - ☒ 7. Show proposed building footprints and FFE for commercial and multi-family
 - ☒ 8. Show property lines and easements (existing and proposed).
 - ☒ 9. Label public and private facilities. A general note can be placed on the plans in lieu of labeling all facilities, if applicable.

CITY OF STEAMBOAT SPRINGS ENGINEERING STANDARDS

XIII. Appendices

- ☒ A. Runoff Calculations.
- ☒ B. Culvert Calculations.
- ☒ C. Pond Calculations.
- ☒ D. Other Calculations.

Acknowledgements

Standard Form No. 3 was prepared by: 

4/26/2021
Date

Include Attachment A – Scope Approval Form (see Standard Form No. 5)

Include Attachment B – Storm Water Quality Plan (see Standard Form No. 4)

CITY OF STEAMBOAT SPRINGS ENGINEERING STANDARDS

Standard Form No. 4 Stormwater Quality Plan Checklist

This list is not an exhaustive list of every possible item that may be required or requested in a Stormwater Quality Plan but provides a general guideline for preparation of the Stormwater Quality Plan.

Instructions:

1. The applicant shall identify with a “check mark” if information is provided within the Stormwater Quality Plan. If applicant believes information is not required, indicate with “N/A” and attach separate sheet with explanation. If information is included with the associated drainage letter or study, indicated with a “D.”
2. The reviewer will determine if information labeled “N/A” is required and whether additional information must be submitted.

I. General

- ☒ A. Report typed and legible in 8½” x 11” format.
- ☒ B. Report bound (comb, spiral, or staple – no notebook) and in digital PDF format.
- ☒ C. Drawings that are 11” x 17” bound within letter, larger drawings (up to 24” x 36”) included in a pocket attached to the letter, and a digital PDF copy. Drawings shall be at an appropriate size and scale to be legible and include project area.

II. Cover

- ☒ A. Report Type – Stormwater Quality Plan.
- ☒ B. Project Name, Subdivision or Development, Original Date, Revision Date.
- ☒ C. Preparer’s name, firm, address, and phone number.
- ☒ D. “DRAFT” for 1st submittal and revisions; “FINAL” once approved.

III. Title Sheet

- ☒ A. Table of Contents.
- ☒ B. Certification, PE Stamp, signature and date from licensed Colorado PE (for Final).
- ☒ C. Note: City of Steamboat Springs plan review and approval is only for general conformance with City design criteria and City code. The City is not responsible for the accuracy and adequacy of the design, dimensions, and elevations that shall be confirmed and correlated at the job site. The City of Steamboat Springs assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of this document.

IV. Introduction and Background

- ☒ A. Description of site location, study limits, size in acres, existing and proposed land use, soil data, permeability of the site, drainage patterns, and any pertinent background info.
- ☒ B. State purpose and goal of Stormwater Quality Plan and report along with any special requirements of the desired outcome.
- ☒ C. List any project stakeholders and/or requestors.
- ☒ D. Describe the background of the flooding source and any previous studies.

CITY OF STEAMBOAT SPRINGS ENGINEERING STANDARDS

V. Design Criteria and Methodology Used

- ☒ A. Identify design rainfall and storm frequency used to design permanent stormwater treatment facilities.
- ☒ B. Identify the runoff calculation method used to design permanent stormwater treatment facilities.
- ☒ C. Identify the standard the design will meet and the means and methodologies by which it will use to meet the standard.
- ☒ D. Provide all details supporting the use of the selected design standard.

VI. Proposed Conditions

- ☒ A. Identify total site area, total site imperviousness, area to be treated, and impervious area to be treated. Include justification for treating less than the total site area.
- ☒ B. Describe potential site contaminant sources including sediment.
- ☒ C. Identify source and quantity of on-site and off-site stormwater flows that need to be managed and how they will be managed.
- ☒ D. For each permanent treatment facility, identify the design standard, MDCIA level (if applicable), area treated (& percentage of total), imperviousness of area treated, C values of area treated, soil types, and all pertinent data for design.
- ☒ E. Volume based facilities: Provide total storage pond volume, WQCV, drain time, release rate, sediment storage, outlet & overflow structures, area and depth of pond, micropool, forebays, etc. (include all calculations in the appendix).
- NA F. Flow based facilities: Provide design flow rate and all treatment calculations and how flows larger than the water quality design flow rate will be handled. If proprietary facilities are proposed, provide the justification and sizing requirements from manufacturer.
- ☒ G. If stormwater detention is provided, discuss how water quality is provided within the detention facility. No underground detention is allowed.

VII. Operation and Maintenance Plan Requirements

See template O&M plan and guidance document. **O & M plan to be provided with CD's**

- NA A. Describe general project information, facility description, ROW and access information, vegetation management, hydraulic design parameters, environmental permitting, snow and ice control, and additional pertinent information in the notes.
- NA B. Indicate, describe, and detail the permanent stormwater treatment facilities.
- NA C. Include section details where necessary of the permanent treatment facilities.
- NA D. Provide an inspection and maintenance schedule and procedure of permanent treatment facilities and who is responsible for them.
- NA E. Identify design specifications for construction.

Acknowledgements

Standard Form No. 4 prepared by: 

4/16/2021

Date

Include appropriate Project Sheet(s) and Design Checklist(s) (See Section 5.12)
Include this form as part of the Stormwater Quality Plan.

CITY OF STEAMBOAT SPRINGS ENGINEERING STANDARDS

PROJECT SHEET – BASE DESIGN STANDARDS (Site is not constrained)

Complete a Project Sheet for each project that includes Permanent Stormwater Treatment Facilities.

SITE INFORMATION

Project Name:	Steamboat Base Camp Phase 1	
Project Location:	Lot 1 Worldwest Subdivision, Steamboat Springs, CO	
Submitted Date:	4/16/2021	Submitted By: Deborah Spaustat, P.E.
Acreage Disturbed:	1.65-acres	
Existing Impervious:	46%	New Net Impervious: 59%
Review Date:		Reviewed By:
Preparer	City	Requirements
✓		Design Details are included for all Treatment Facilities
		List or include a description of any source controls or other non-structural practices: none

DESIGN STANDARDS

Multiple Design Standards may be used on a site, as necessary, to meet the requirements, but only one Design Standard may be used for each treatment facility's tributary area. Evaluation of suitability of permanent stormwater treatment facilities is based on meeting the specified Design Standard and ease of long-term maintenance. Facilities must be designed in accordance with the most current versions of the City's Engineering Standards and Volume 3 of the USDCM and meet the specific requirements for each Design Standard used.

1. Indicate below, which Design Standard(s) will be used for the project, and
2. Complete a separate, corresponding Design Standards checklist for each facility (e.g., WQCV)

<i>Design Standard</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Tributary Area</i>	<i>Location/Identifying information</i>
WQCV	1,907-CF	3.17-acres	Basin D1
Pollutant Removal			
Runoff Reduction			

CITY OF STEAMBOAT SPRINGS ENGINEERING STANDARDS

DESIGN CHECKLIST – Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) Standard

WQCV STANDARD Criteria

Treatment facilities must be designed to provide treatment and/or infiltration of the WQCV for 100% of the site. Under certain conditions, up to 20% of the site may be excluded, not to exceed 1 acre. This may apply if it is not practicable to capture runoff from portions of the site and where it is not practicable to construct a separate treatment facility for those same portions of the site.

Complete checklist if using the WQCV Standard to meet Design Standard requirements.

Project Name: Steamboat Base Camp Phase 1		
Preparer	City	Requirements
no		Facilities provide treatment and/or infiltration of the WQCV for 100% of the site
		% of site treated: 75%
		Facility Type: Extended Detention Basin Facility Location: Basin D1
		See Drainage Report section: Stormwater Quality

If less than 100% of the site is treated, complete the following:

Preparer	City	Requirements				
		% of site not treated by control measures (not to exceed 20% or 1 acre):				
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>15%</td> <td>%</td> <td>0.41-acres</td> <td>Size (acres)</td> </tr> </table>	15%	%	0.41-acres	Size (acres)
15%	%	0.41-acres	Size (acres)			
		Provide explanation of why the excluded area is impractical to treat: The treated area is entirely in basin D1. The remainder of the site is almost entirely existing development in Basin D2, D3 and D4. The added impervious areas in those basins are for small improvements to existing parking, the existing driveway entrance and the new public transit stop. The site is too flat to route the existing flows over to the new facility.				
		Provide explanation of why another facility is not practicable for the untreated area: The existing development was built prior to the cities water quality treatment requirements. There is no room to construct a separate facility within the bounds of the existing development.				

CITY OF STEAMBOAT SPRINGS ENGINEERING STANDARDS

Standard Form No. 5 Drainage and Stormwater Treatment Scope Approval Form

Prior to starting a development plan and before the first drainage submittal, a Drainage and Stormwater Treatment Scope Approval Form must be submitted for review and signed by the City Engineer. A signed form shall also be included in every drainage submittal as Attachment A. This Scope Approval Form is for City requirements only. Values may be approximate. The City encourages supporting calculations and figures to be attached.

Project Information	
Project name:	Steamboat Basecamp
Project location:	1901 Curve Plaza, Steamboat Springs, CO 80487
Developer name/contact info:	May Reigler Properties
Drainage engineer name/contact info:	Erik Griepentrog, erikg@landmark-co.com, (970) 846-2592
Application Type:	Development Plan
Proposed Land Use:	Commercial / Mixed-Use
Project Site Parameters	
Total parcel area (acres):	5.12 acres (223,027 sq. ft.)
Disturbed area (acres):	1.65 acres (71,874 sq. ft.)
Existing impervious area (acres, if applicable):	1.77 acres (76,983 sq. ft.)
Proposed new impervious area (acres):	0.61 (26,491 sq. ft.)
Proposed total impervious area (acres):	2.38 (103,474 sq. ft.)
Proposed number of project outfalls:	1
Number of additional parking spaces:	59
Description and site percentage of existing cover/land use(s):	49,077 sq. ft. asphalt parking lot & conc. walks (22%) 27,906 sq. ft. building (13%) 146,060 sq. ft. grass & undeveloped lot (65%)
Description and site percentage of proposed cover/land use(s): (Denotes TOTAL post-project land uses, including existing totals)	78,121 sq. ft. asphalt parking lot & conc. walk (35%) 25,353 sq. ft. building (11%) 119,553 sq. ft. grass & undeveloped lot (54%)
Expected maximum proposed conveyance gradient (%):	2%
Description of size (acres) and cover/land use(s) of offsite areas draining to the site	2.06 acres (89,734 sq. ft.) of adjacent roadways, sidewalks, and grass swales

CITY OF STEAMBOAT SPRINGS ENGINEERING STANDARDS

Type of Study Required:

- ☐ Drainage Letter
 ☐ Conceptual Drainage Study
☒ Final Drainage Study
 ☒ Stormwater Quality Plan

Hydrologic Evaluation:

- ☒ Rational Method
 ☐ CUHP/SWMM
 ☐ HEC-HMS
 ☐ Other _____

Project Drainage	
Number of subbasins to be evaluated:	4
Presence of pass through flow (circle):	YES NO
Description of proposed stormwater conveyance on site:	Site runoff is conveyed via sheet flows across grassed areas, bare ground, roof tops, and asphalt / concrete pavements then collected via gutters, inlets, culverts, and swales before being conveyed to the proposed extended detention basin through the underground storm drain system. Once treated and detained, stormwater runoff is ultimately discharged into the Yampa River via a series of roadside ditches and culverts.
Project includes roadway conveyance as part of design evaluation (circle):	YES NO
Description of conveyance of site runoff downstream of site, identify any infrastructure noted in Stormwater Master Plan noted as lacking capacity for minor or major storm event:	Stormwater is discharged offsite via the 36" arch CMP culvert at the southwest corner of the parcel. The culvert outfalls into the swale which runs east-west along the north side of Curve Court within the public R.O.W. This conveyance ultimately discharges into the Yampa River. Due to the maintenance of historic flows through the use of detention, no downstream infrastructure is lacking capacity for the minor and/or major storm events per Master Drainage Study (SEH, 2013).
Detention expected onsite (circle):	YES NO
Presence of Floodway or Floodplain on site (circle):	YES NO
Anticipated modification of Floodway or Floodplain proposed (circle):	YES NO
Describe culvert or storm sewer conveyance evaluative method:	HY-8, SSA

Permanent Stormwater Treatment Facility Design Standard (check all that apply with only one standard per tributary basin):

- ☒ WQCV Standard
 ☐ TSS Standard
 ☐ Infiltration Standard
☐ Constrained Redevelopment WQCV Standard
☐ Constrained Redevelopment TSS Standard
☐ Constrained Redevelopment Infiltration Standard
☐ Does not Require Permanent Stormwater Treatment (attach Exclusion Tracking Form)

CITY OF STEAMBOAT SPRINGS ENGINEERING STANDARDS

Project Permanent Stormwater Treatment	
Justification of choice of proposed design standard, including how the site meets the constrained redevelopment standard, infiltration test results, etc.:	Proposed improvements require detention to maintain historic discharge rates. Water quality treatment is needed due to the increased impervious surface area. Both standards are met by the proposed extended detention basin.
Concept-level permanent stormwater treatment facility design details (type, location of facilities, proprietary structure selection, treatment train concept, etc.):	One sand filter basin will treat the WQCV and also provide adequate detention for the 5-year and 100-storms. The proposed basin will be sized to accommodate the detention and treatment requirements of both the proposed development and all planned future developments of the site.
Proposed LID measures to reduce runoff volume:	N/A
Will treatment evaluation include off-site, pass through flow (circle):	YES NO

Approvals

Erik Griepentrog	4/8/2021	(970) 846-2592
Prepared By: (Insert drainage engineer name & firm)	Date	Phone number
Approved By:		
Stuart King for	4/21/21	
Printed Name: City Engineer	Date	

TABLES



CIVIL ENGINEERS | SURVEYORS

141 9th Street ~ P.O. Box 774943
Steamboat Springs, Colorado 80477
(970) 871-9494
www.LANDMARK-CO.com

PROJECT: Steamboat Basecam/Basecamp Square
DESIGNER: DCS
DATE: 7/26/2021

SUMMARY TABLES**EDB/Detention Pond Summary**

	WQCV (ft ³)	Q _{A5} ¹ (cfs)	Q _{A100} ¹ (cfs)	V ₅ (ft ³)	V ₁₀₀ (ft ³)	V _{provided} (ft ³)
Phase 1	1,975	1.33	10.72	2,399	5,554	13,430
Future	4,161	1.80	11.88	5,020	7,856	13,430

Percent of Site Treated

Ex Imp. (acres)	Pr Imp. (acres)	Added Imp. (acres)	Treated Imp. (acres)	Disturbed Area (acres)	Percent Treated	Area not Treated (acres)
2.64	3.38	0.74	1.19	1.52	78%	0.33

1. Allowable Flow (Q_A) = Historic Flow (h1) - Undetained Flow (ud)

0.04533

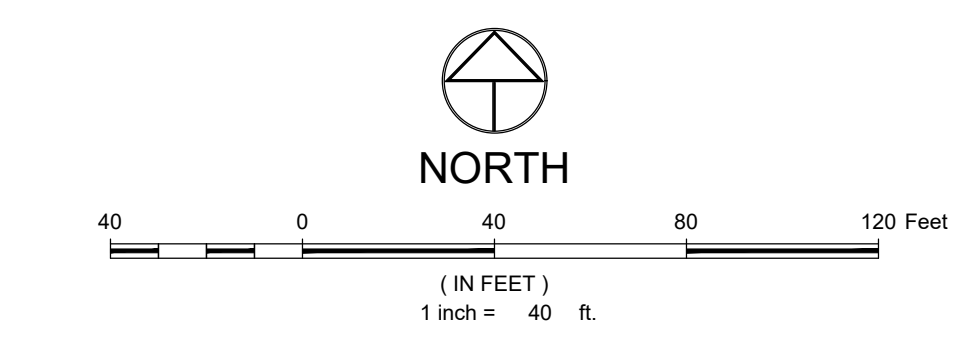
Basin Hydrology Summary

	Historic (H)						Base Camp (D)						Future Development					
Basin	Total Area (acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp	Total Area (acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp	Total Area (acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp
1	2.15	0.64	0.79	4.04	10.83	73%	1.88	0.69	0.81	3.71	9.52	79%	1.88	0.69	0.81	3.71	1.97	79%
2.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.85	0.86	0.89	2.81	6.41	100%	0.85	0.73	0.83	2.40	2.82	85%
2.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.94	0.18	0.56	0.94	6.25	17%	1.94	0.73	0.83	4.51	2.33	85%
2.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.26	0.17	0.55	0.17	1.20	16%	0.26	0.73	0.83	0.73	2.82	85%
2.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.29	0.05	0.49	0.06	1.18	2%	0.29	0.73	0.83	0.81	2.82	85%
2	2.88	0.15	0.54	1.11	8.80	14%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA						
3	0.88	0.56	0.75	1.30	3.78	64%	0.74	0.66	0.80	1.42	3.74	75%	0.74	0.66	0.80	1.42	1.93	75%
4	0.48	0.26	0.59	0.28	1.43	27%	0.24	0.49	0.71	0.42	1.32	55%	0.24	0.49	0.71	0.42	1.72	55%
P-203R	0.50	0.86	0.89	1.64	3.74	100%	0.69	0.73	0.83	1.94	4.83	84%	0.69	0.73	0.83	1.94	2.82	84%
P-114R	0.89	0.86	0.89	2.93	6.69	100%	0.88	0.86	0.89	2.91	6.63	100%	0.88	0.86	0.89	2.91	3.30	100%

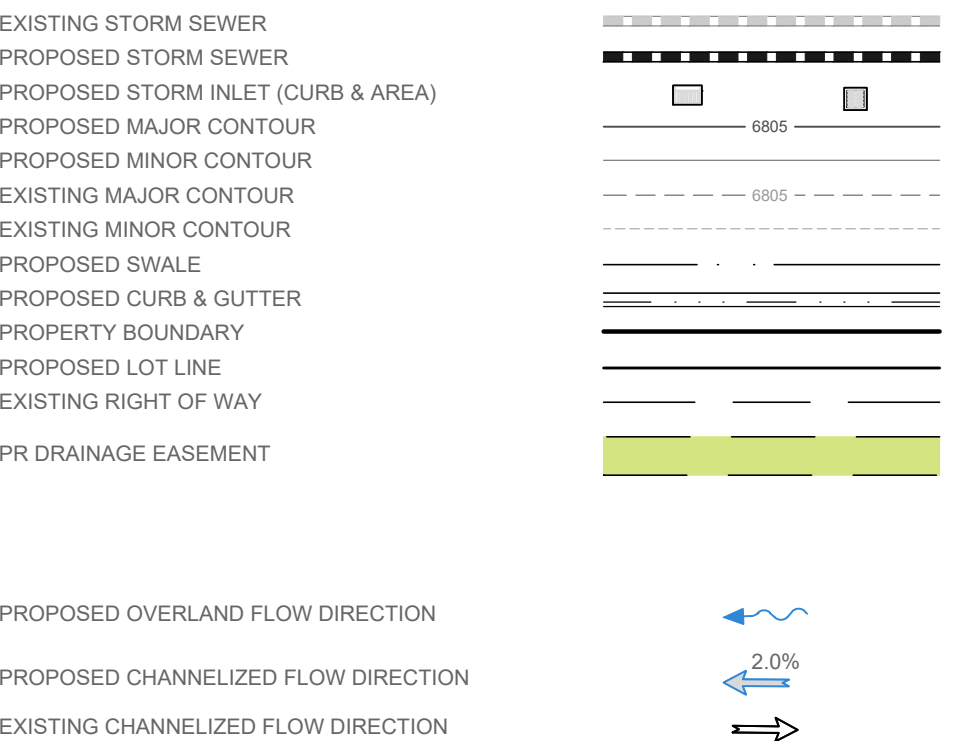
Design Point Hydrology Summary

	Historic (H)						Base Camp (D)						Future Development					
Design Point	Total Area (acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp	Total Area (acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp	Total Area (acres)	C ₅	C ₁₀₀	Q ₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp
0	6.39	0.38	0.66	6.26	23.65	42%	6.20	0.49	0.71	7.74	24.40	55%	6.20	0.70	0.82	13.78	35.12	81%
1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.34	0.35	0.64	2.92	11.77	37%	3.34	0.73	0.83	6.96	17.28	85%
off	1.39	0.86	0.89	4.57	10.43	1.00	1.57	0.81	0.87	4.88	11.49	93%	1.57	0.80	0.87	4.83	11.44	93%
ud	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.86	0.67	0.80	4.93	12.92	76%	2.86	0.66	0.80	4.46	11.77	76%

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LEGEND:



NOTES:

- THE SIZE, TYPE AND LOCATION OF ALL KNOWN UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE APPROXIMATE WHEN SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER TO VERIFY THE EXISTENCE OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES IN THE AREA OF THE WORK. BEFORE COMMENCING NEW CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL UNKNOWN UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- ALL PROJECT DATA IS ON VERTICAL DATUM: NGVD 88. SEE NOTES SHEET FOR BENCHMARK REFERENCES.
- ELEVATIONS FOR IMPROVEMENTS THAT ARE CONTROLLED BY ADJACENT EXISTING FACILITIES (SUCH AS PROPOSED GUTTERS ALONG EXISTING ASPHALT) MAY REQUIRE ADJUSTMENT BASED ON ACTUAL CONDITIONS. COORDINATE WITH ENGINEER TO ENSURE A CONSISTENT SECTION WITH SMOOTH TRANSITIONS WHERE NECESSARY.
- SEE SOILS REPORT FOR PAVEMENT, SUBGRADE AND MATERIAL PREPARATION, DESIGN AND RECOMMENDATIONS.
- ALL CURB SPOTS SHOWN ARE FLOWLINE ELEVATIONS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. ALL OTHER SPOTS ARE FINISHED GRADE ELEVATIONS.

EDB/Retention Pond Summary						
	WQCV (ft ³)	Q _{A5} ¹ (cfs)	Q _{A100} ¹ (cfs)	V ₅ (ft ³)	V ₁₀₀ (ft ³)	V _{provided} (ft ³)
Phase 1	1,975	1.33	10.72	2,399	5,554	13,430
Future	4,161	1.80	11.88	5,020	7,856	13,430

1. Allowable Flow (Q_A) = Historic Flow (h1) - Undetained Flow (ud)

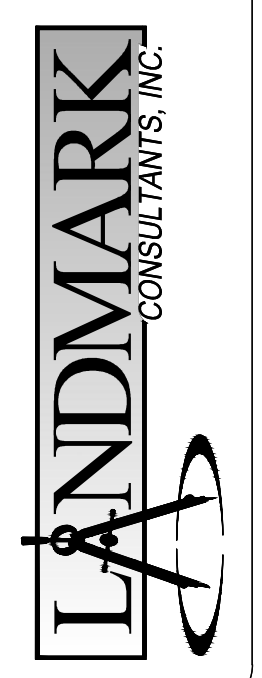
Percent of Site Treated						
Ex Imp. (acres)	Pr Imp. (acres)	Added Imp. (acres)	Treated Imp. (acres)	Disturbed Area (acres)	Percent Treated	Area not Treated (acres)
2.64	3.38	0.74	1.19	1.52	78%	0.33

BASIN SUMMARY

Historic (H)						
Basin	Total Area (acres)	C _s	C ₁₀₀	Q _s (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp
1	2.15	0.64	0.79	4.04	10.83	73%
2.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	2.88	0.15	0.54	1.11	8.80	14%
3	0.88	0.56	0.75	1.30	3.78	64%
4	0.48	0.26	0.59	0.28	1.43	27%
P-203R	0.50	0.86	0.89	1.64	3.74	100%
P-114R	0.89	0.86	0.89	2.93	6.69	100%

Base Camp (D)						
Basin	Total Area (acres)	C _s	C ₁₀₀	Q _s (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	%Imp
1	1.88	0.69	0.81	3.71	9.52	79%
2.1	0.85	0.86	0.89	2.81	6.41	100%
2.2	1.94	0.18	0.56	0.94	6.25	17%
2.3	0.26	0.17	0.55	0.17	1.20	16%
2.4	0.29	0.05	0.49	0.06	1.18	2%
2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	0.74	0.66	0.80	1.42	3.74	75%
4	0.24	0.49	0.71	0.42	1.32	55%
P-203R	0.69	0.73	0.83	1.94	4.83	84%
P-114R	0.88	0.86	0.89	2.91	6.63	100%

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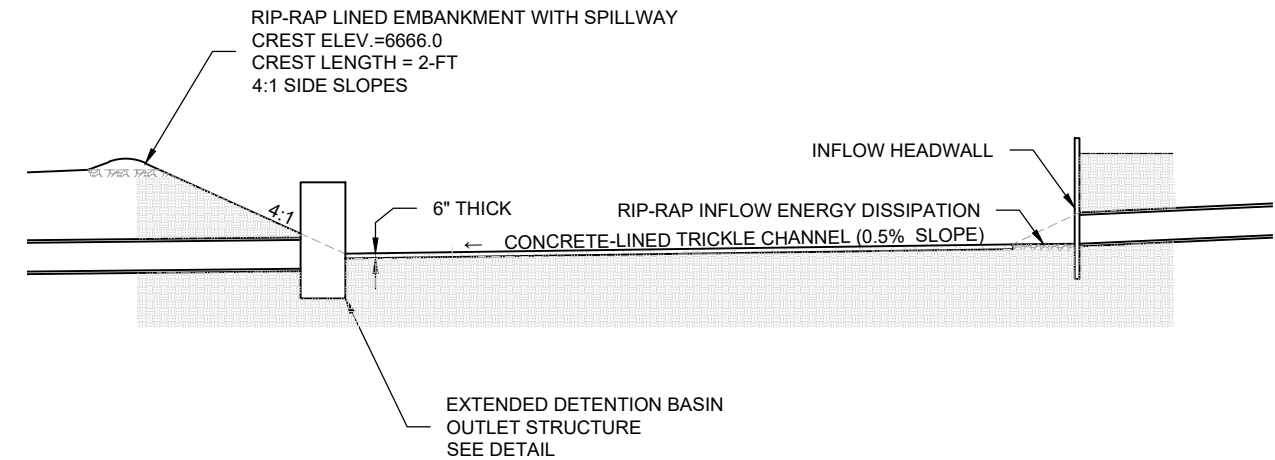
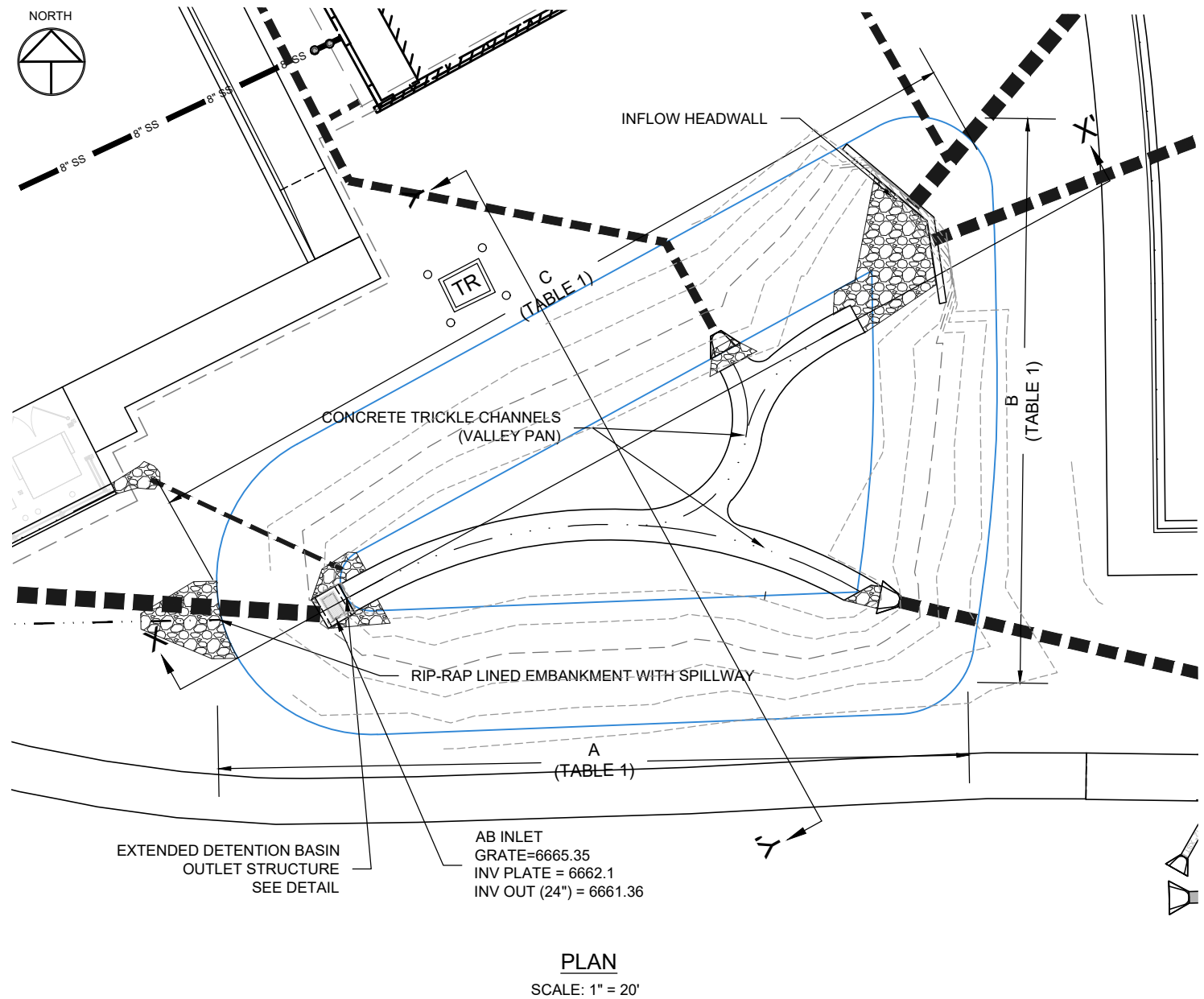
These drawings are instruments of service prepared by the undersigned and are not to be used for any type of construction or contracting without the approval of the undersigned Professional Engineer in the employ of Landmark Consultants, Inc.

NO.		DATE:	BY:	DESCRIPTION:
1		6/18/2021	DCS	DRT COMMENTS
2		7/26/2021	DCS	ODS

PROJECT:	2021-04-04
DATE:	4/26/2021
DRAWN BY:	DCS
CHECKED BY:	

Steamboat Base Camp Phase 1
Figure 3:
Proposed Drainage Plan

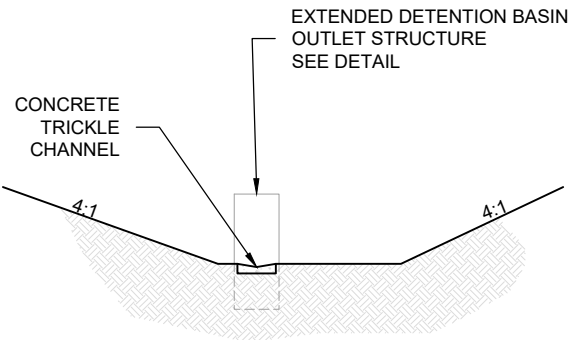
STEAMBOAT BASECAMP EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN
OWNERSHIP AND MAINTENANCE PLAN
CONSTRUCTED IN AUGUST, 2023,
MAINTENANCE TO BE PERFORMED BY STEAMBOAT BASECAMP



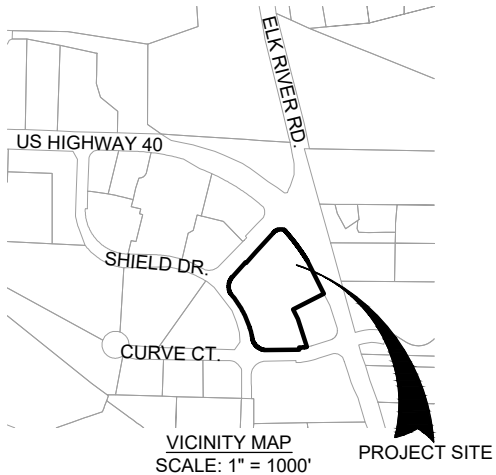
SECTION X-X'

TABLE 1: POND DIMENSIONS	
DIM A (ft)	97
DIM B (ft)	73
DIM C (ft)	113

- NOTES:
- FOR ADDITIONAL DESIGN INFORMATION REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR THIS PROJECT.
 - DISTURBANCE OF WETLAND AREAS SHALL BE AVOIDED DURING MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS.
 - SEE DETAILED NOTES ON THE THIRD SHEET OF THIS PLAN FOR ALL MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS.



SECTION Y-Y'



PROJECT: 2387-004	NO.	DATE:	BY:	DESCRIPTION:
DATE: 9/23/2023				
DRAWN BY: DCS				
CHECKED BY: LCI				

These drawings are instruments of service provided by Landmark Consultants, Inc. and are not to be used for any type of construction or contracting unless signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer in the employ of Landmark Consultants, Inc.



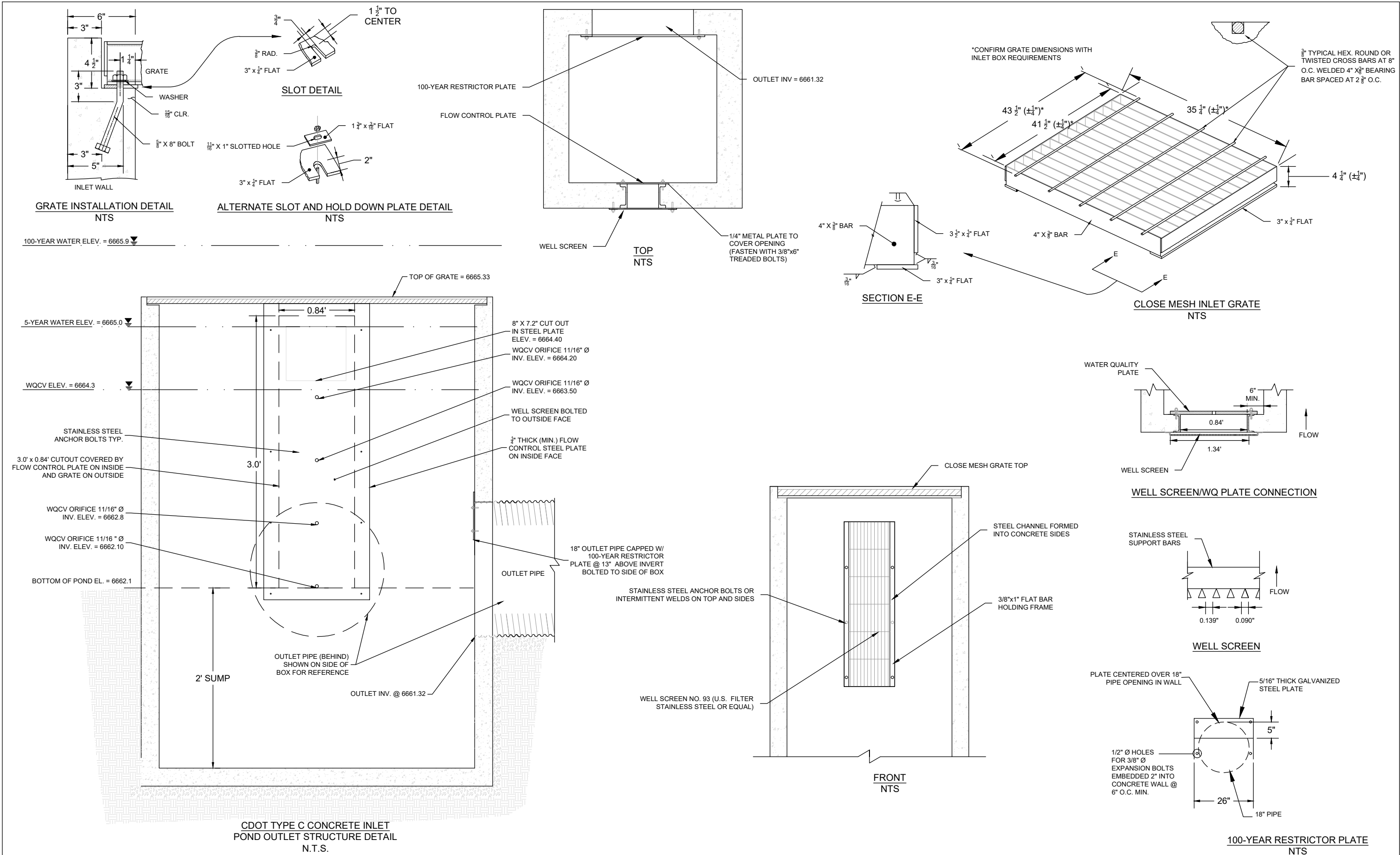
CIVIL ENGINEERS | SURVEYORS

141 9th Street ~ P.O. Box 774943
Steamboat Springs, Colorado 80477
(970) 871-9494 www.LANDMARK-CO.com

Steamboat Basecamp
Ownership & Maintenance Plan
Extended Detention Basin

SHEET
1
3

DRAWING FILENAME: P:\2387-004\Engineering\Drainage\Pond Registration\2387-004 O&M EDB-AB.dwg LAYOUT NAME: O&M Details DATE: Sep 21, 2023 - 11:48am CAD OPERATOR: deb
LIST OF XREFS: [####-###-xORDER-1x17] [xVICMAP] [2387-004-xExist] [2387-004-xSite-Ph1] [2387-004-xUtil-Ph1]



PROJECT: 2387-004	NO.	DATE:	BY:	DESCRIPTION:	These drawings are instruments of service provided by Landmark Consultants, Inc. and are not to be used for any type of construction or contracting unless signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer in the employ of Landmark Consultants, Inc.	CIVIL ENGINEERS SURVEYORS 141 9th Street ~ P.O. Box 774943 Steamboat Springs, Colorado 80477 (970) 871-9494 www.LANDMARK-CO.com	Steamboat Basecamp Ownership & Maintenance Plan Outlet Structure Details	SHEET 2 3
DATE: 9/21/2023								
DRAWN BY: DCS								
CHECKED BY: LCI								

DRAWING FILENAME: P:\2387-004\Engineering\Drainage\Pond Registration\2387-004 O&M EDB-AB.dwg LAYOUT NAME: O&M NOTES DATE: Sep 21, 2023 - 11:48am CAD OPERATOR: deb
LIST OF XREFS: [####-###-xBORDER-1x17] [xVICMAP] [2387-004-xExist] [2387-004-xSite-Ph1] [2387-004-xUtil-Ph1]

STEAMBOAT BASECAMP EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN

OWNERSHIP AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

CONSTRUCTED IN AUGUST, 2023, MAINTENANCE TO BE PERFORMED BY STEAMBOAT BASECAMP

1. GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. STEAMBOAT BASECAMP. LOT 1, WORLDWEST SUBDIVISION
- B. RECEIVING WATER: ROADSIDE DITCH ON CURVE COURT. ULTIMATE OUTFALL YAMPA RIVER.
- C. PROPERTY OWNER: MAY RIEGLER PROPERTIES
2201 WISCONSIN AVE NW
SUITE 200
WASHINGTON DC 20007
gaby@mayriegler.com
- D. AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE: SAME AS OWNER
- E. DESIGN ENGINEER: LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC.
141 9TH STREET
STEAMBOAT SPRINGS, CO 80487
970-871-9494
ATTN: ERIK GRIEPENTROG, P.E.
ERIKG@LANDMARK-CO.COM

2. GENERAL FACILITY DESCRIPTION

THIS FACILITY IS AN EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN THAT WILL RELEASE THE WATER QUALITY CAPTURE VOLUME OVER 40-HOURS. THE FACILITY HAS BEEN ADOPTED AND APPROVED BY THE MAY RIEGLER PROPERTIES AS A PART OF THE STEAMBOAT BASECAMP PROJECT. IT WILL RECEIVE RUNOFF FROM 3.17-ACRES AND WILL OCCUPY A PARCEL OF 0.12-ACRES THAT WILL BE USED TO TREAT RUNOFF VIA SETTLING AND PROVIDE ACCESS FOR MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES.

3. INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE FREQUENCY & PROCEDURE

- A. MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES SHALL OCCUR ACCORDING TO TABLE 3:

TABLE 3: MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY/FREQUENCY	
ACTIVITY	REQUIRED FREQUENCY
LAWN MOWING AND LAWN CARE	ROUTINE - DEPENDING ON AESTHETIC REQUIREMENTS
DEBRIS AND LITTER REMOVAL	ROUTINE - TWICE ANNUALLY UPON INSPECTION AND AS NEEDED FOLLOWING SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL EVENTS
SEDIMENT REMOVAL FROM FOREBAY AND MICROPOOL	ROUTINE - ONCE ANNUALLY AFTER COMPLETION OF SNOWMELT FROM CONTRIBUTING BASIN
NUISANCE CONTROL	NON-ROUTINE - HANDLE AS NECESSARY PER INSPECTION OR LOCAL COMPLAINTS
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	NON-ROUTINE - PERIODIC REPAIR AS NECESSARY BASIN ON INSPECTION
STRUCTURAL	NON-ROUTINEREPAIR AS NEEDED BASED ON INSPECTIONS
INSPECTIONS	ROUTINE - TWO TIMES ANNUALLY, ONCE AFTER COMPLETION OF SNOWMELT AND ONCE AFTER SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL EVENT
SEDIMENT REMOVAL	NON ROUTINE - PERFORMED WHEN SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION OCCUPIES 20% OF WQCV (1,091-CF OR 1.4-FT DEEP). THIS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY, BUT EXPECT TO DO THIS EVERY 15 TO 20 YEARS

- B. REVISIONS TO MAINTENANCE FREQUENCY:

DATES/REASONS FOR CHANGES:

- C. TRAFFIC CONTROL: N/A
- D. THE FACILITY DOES NOT REQUIRE CONFINED SPACE ENTRY PROCEDURES.
- E. DEWATERING AND WATER CONTROL: DEWATERING OF THE MICRO-POOL BY PUMPING ONTO THE EDB'S BOTTOM GRASSES WILL BE NEEDED TO REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT FROM THE MICRO-POOL'S BOTTOM.
- F. DEBRIS, & TRASH REMOVAL & DISPOSAL
REMOVAL SHALL BE CONDUCTED IF THERE IS PRESENCE OF TRASH OR DEBRIS AT INSPECTION. SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS SHALL BE REMOVED MANUALLY USING A SHOVEL OR RAKE AND DISPOSED OF AT A LICENSED FACILITY. THE LONGEST DISTANCE BETWEEN THE EDGE OF AN ACCESS ROAD AND THE FAR CORNER OF A STRUCTURE REQUIRING SEDIMENT REMOVAL IS 35 FEET.
- G. VEGETATION MANAGEMENT
SEE SECTION 3 OF THE NOTES ON THIS SHEET
- H. WETLAND AREAS: NA.
- I. DESCRIBE ADDITIONAL REQUIRED MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES AND FREQUENCIES - N/A
- J. MATERIALS TESTING OF SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM SITE IS NOT REQUIRED.
- K. ALL MAINTENANCE MATERIALS AND TOOLS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE FOLLOWING MAINTENANCE COMPLETION.

3. EQUIPMENT, STAFFING, AND VEGETATION MANAGEMENT

- A. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED: SHOVEL, RAKE, BACKHOE, CAMERA, DATA LOG / INSPECTION REPORT
- B. STAFFING: ONE PERSON WHO IS QUALIFIED TO RUN THE REQUIRED EQUIPMENT IS REQUIRED FOR MAINTENANCE.
- C. SEED: SEED MIXES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- D. MOWING: MOWING MAY BE REQUIRED DEPENDING ON THE TYPE OF PLANTINGS. IF GRASS IS STARTED FROM SEED, ALLOW TIME FOR GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASS PRIOR TO MOWING . IF MOWING IS REQUIRED DURING THIS PERIOD FOR WEED CONTROL, IT SHOULD BE ACCOMPLISHED WITH HAND-HELD STRING TRIMMERS TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE TO THE SEEDBED. AFTER ESTABLISHED, MOW AS DESIRED OR AS NEEDED FOR WEED CONTROL. MOWING OF NATIVE/DROUGHT TOLERANT GRASSES MAY STOP OR BE REDUCED TO MAINTAIN A LENGTH OF NO LESS THAN 6 INCHES. .
- E. WEEDS & UNDESIRABLE VEGETATION: MAINTAIN HEALTHY, WEED FREE VEGETATION. WEEDS SHOULD BE REMOVED BY HAND TOOLS, MOWING, WEED WHACKING OR OTHER MEANS AS APPROPRIATE BEFORE THEY FLOWER. THE FREQUENCY OF WEEDING WILL DEPEND ON THE PLANTING SCHEME AND COVER.

4. SNOW AND ICE CONTROL

FACILITY IS LOCATED WITHIN A SNOW STORAGE AREA. FACILITY SHALL BE INSPECTED AFTER SNOWMELT AND DEBRIS AND LITTER REMOVED.

5. RIGHT-OF-WAY, ADJACENT OWNERSHIP, & ACCESS

- A. RIGHT-OF-WAY DESCRIPTION: CURVE COURT, ROW VARIES. SHIELD DRIVE, ROW VARIES.
- B. ADJACENT OWNERSHIP: NA
- C. ACCESS INFORMATION AND DETAILS: MAINTENANCE ACCESS TO THE FACILITY IS VIA THE DRIVEWAY OFF OF SHIELD DRIVE. PROCEED TO THE SOUTH SIDE OF THE MAIN PARKING AREA.
- D. MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS WILL NOT IMPACT OR OBSTRUCT RIGHT-OF-WAY AND A RIGHT-OF-WAY PERMIT IS NOT REQUIRED.

7. HYDRAULIC DESIGN

- A. FLOW RATES (CFS):

	INFLOW	OUTFLOW
BASE FLOW:	0 CFS	0 CFS
WQ EVENT:	NA	NA
5-YEAR:	10.26 CFS	0.31 CFS
100-YEAR:	31.01 CFS	7.90 CFS
- B. VOLUMES, DEPTHS, & WSELS:

ITEM	VOLUME	WSEL	DEPTH	INVERT
EXTENDED DETENTION BASIN	213,429.6 CF		4.8'	6662.1
WQCV	1,907 CF	6663.9	1.8'	
5-YEAR	1,918 CF	6663.9	1.8'	
100-YEAR	2,675 CF	6664.2	2.1'	
- C. WQCV DRAIN TIME = 40 HOURS

8. SENSITIVE AREAS, WETLANDS, & PERMITS

THE SITE INCLUDES 0.24-ACRES OF WETLANDS LOCATED NORTH OF THE DEVELOPMENT. MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES WILL NOT IMPACT THE WETLANDS.

8. MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

- A. PROJECT SURVEY:
TOPOGRAPHIC AND EXISTING CONDITIONS PER LANDMARK GROUND SURVEY 10-30-2020. SOME OFFSITE AND ADJACENT PROPERTY INFROMATION WAS DIGITIZED FROM AERIAL IMAGERY. LANDMARK IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE EXISTING CONDITIONS AND/OR PROPERTY INFORMATION INCLUDING EASEMENTS AND ENCUMBRANCES AND THE OWNER ASSUMES ALL RISK WITH COMPLYING WITH THE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PROJECT.

PROJECT BENCHMARKS IS RECOVERED NO. 5 REBAR W/ 1 ½" ALUMINUM CAP STAMPED LANDMARK LS 29039, ELEV=6667.80 NAVD 88. THE COORDINATE SYSTEM IS COLORADO COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH ZONE, NAD83 (2011), NAVD88, COMBINED SCALE FACTOR: (N)1415866.11

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